

Tinley Park Will Protest New Rate

Bremen Township Tax Payers To Hold Big Mass Meeting Jan. 13

As the result of disclosures made last week as to the taxes that will be levied on property in Bremen township based on the new re-assessment, the taxpayers of this township are thoroughly aroused over what they charge is an exorbitant tax, and if these taxes are levied they will be confiscatory.

Farm land values are entirely out of proportion, the new tax rate running from \$8 to \$9 per acre which is higher than any farm is being rented at now. Village property in Tinley Park is about three times as high as formerly in many instances.

The tax payers of Tinley Park as well as of Bremen township feel the community today is held by the throat under taxation which property can no longer bear. They feel no red-blooded man subject to the insults of corrupt politicians can stand a situation when taxes become confiscatory.

Cook county needs a clean government against astute political chicanery, graft and corruption. Monday evening of this week 200 taxpayers gathered at Oak Forest in a protest meeting against the exorbitant tax.

Tinley Park property owners are going to hold a monster protest gathering under the auspices of the Tinley Park Lions Club at the Sanger hall in Tinley Park on Monday evening, January 13th at 8 p. m. Attorneys and good speakers will explain the new rates and what steps can be taken to prevent the new rate from going into effect. All the taxpayers of Bremen township are invited to attend the mass meeting. It is vital that you attend.

The tax muddle affects every business as well as every farmer in all of Cook county and is claiming the undivided attention of every property owner.

OrlandPure Milk Association Will Meet Sat.

The Orland township members of the Pure Milk Association will meet this Saturday night at 8 p. m. at the Orland Park school auditorium for the purpose of choosing delegates and alternates to the Pure Milk Association county meeting at Joliet and to the meeting in Chicago.

The White Store Buys 45th Store Stock Past Week

The White Store, Joliet's most popular store in the rural sections, has added new laurels to its long list of store stock purchases, when J. Cohen, owner of the White Store purchased the entire clothing store stock of John Smith of North Chicago who has been in the clothing store business for twenty years. This makes the 45th store stock purchased by The White Store. This stock is now on sale at The White Store. Read the White Store adv. on the back page for further particulars.

Mokena Garden Club Notes

Members of the Mokena Garden Club met Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Herman Schweser.

The meeting was opened by the president, Mrs. Albert Braun, by reading a poem, "Our Task" after which plans were made about showing flowers at the Chicago Garden and Flower Show which will be held in the Sherman Hotel in Chicago commencing March 28 continuing to April 5 1930.

Two very interesting articles were read by Mrs. Balaz on hard wood cutting, also a paper by Mrs. Wm. Lowe was read on Planning the Home Garden.

Another very interesting feature of the club was the exhibition of the most beautiful Azalea flower by Mrs. August Hentsch. This plant is about 45 years old. It came from China. It is shaped like an apple tree 2 1/2 foot high, has dark green leaves and all covered with beautiful blossoms resembling roses. It is sure is a wonderful species.

The next meeting will be held in

PUBLIC SALE

EDW. SCHMAEDEKE, Auctioneer
Jan. 11, John Schultdt, Jr.
Tinley Park.
Jan. 22—M. J. Knoblauch, Frankfort, Illinois.

Granted Divorce On Desertion

About two years ago there was a rift in the marital relations of Mr. and Mrs. George F. Wannemacher of Mokena and Mrs. Wannemacher left her husband and located in Chicago. The trouble finally wound up in court and Mr. Wannemacher recently brought suit for divorce charging desertion which his wife did not contest. On December 11th, 1929, the case came up in the Cook County Circuit court before Judge Lynch who granted a degree of divorce to Mr. Wannemacher. The latter was represented by Attorney Wm. Burns.

Tinley Lions Club Names Committee To Rate Hearing

The board of directors and officers of the Tinley Park Lions Club met Tuesday night to discuss plans for attending the hearing called by the Illinois Commerce Commission in Chicago for next Wednesday afternoon to consider the request of the Tinley Park Lions Club and the Mokena Emmerson Republican Club that the ticket fares of the commuters from these towns to Chicago be reduced and new tickets be added. A committee was appointed to attend the hearing. Attorney John Leuwe, village attorney for Tinley will speak for the Lions Club.

A meeting, called last Saturday night at the Mokena school house to make plans to attend the hearing next Wednesday, but a very indifferent attitude was shown by the commuters as only six attended. It was stated later that many of the commuters are willing to pay high transportation rates and others are afraid to take a hand in the matter as they have relatives employed by the railroad and fear they might injure their jobs if they became too active in the matter, so it is a case of "Let George do it."

A handful of the wide awake local commuters of Mokena have now clubbed together and are raising a fund with which to pay Attorney A. H. Krusemark of Frankfort to represent the Mokena Emmerson Republican Club at the hearing next Wednesday.

It is understood a request will be made at this meeting to have the Rock Island run their first west bound passenger in the morning a few minutes earlier so as to get the Mokena students who are attending Joliet high and other schools to get to Joliet so they can get to their classes on time. The present schedule of the train in question gets the students to Joliet quite late and if the train is a few minutes late the students are late for their classes.

Town Elections Once In 2 Years

County politics in Will County are just beginning to stir. There will be a very lively primary fight from present indications. The office of sheriff is the most sought after, five aspirants being in the race so far. The first day for filing of petitions is February 3rd and the last day is February 17th.

Beginning with this spring there will also be a change in the township elections which will only be held every two years instead of every year as heretofore.

The new town election law passed at the last session of the general assembly provides that town elections shall be every two years and to bring that about the officers elected this spring will hold office for two three years while those elected next spring will be in office four years.

The terms of those elected this year will expire in 1933 and those elected next spring will expire in 1935. Therefore, after 1933 town elections will be held but once every two years. County and state elections are held in even years; town elections will be held in odd years.

TRIANGLE CLUB NOTES

The Triangle Club has moved its quarters to the Community hall and this will be the permanent club house. The Heavy weight basketball team played against the Conky Quintet of Hammond, on Saturday, Jan. 4th. The Quintet team has a large following.

The home of Mrs. Albert Steele on Tuesday afternoon, Feb. 4, 1930.

ROSE CHAPTER GARDEN NOTES

Mrs. H. D. Robbins, Publicity Chairman
Rose Chapter No. 1, of the Tinley Park Garden Club met Monday, January 6 at 2 p. m., with Mrs. Charles Deever.

Mrs. Wallace B. Combs, our president opened the first meeting of the new year with introductory and remarks on the origin of flowers from the beginning of history.

Mrs. R. J. Hug, and Mrs. Mildred Andrews, were the guests for the afternoon.

After the business of the day Mrs. Hug, with her usual charm read an interesting paper on "The Care of House Plants".

Mrs. Andrews gave a wonderful talk and demonstration on terrariums which was enjoyed by all. Mrs. Andrews was invited to our next meeting and will talk on wild flowers.

The members are anxiously awaiting the arrival of our new member, Mrs. Towel.

The officers and organizing committee of the Tinley Park Garden Club are cordially invited to a Valentine Party, Feb. 3rd at 2:30 p. m., at the home of Mrs. Clara Hicks.

A light luncheon was served. Our next meeting will be held on Feb. 3rd at the home of Mrs. Clara Hicks.

The Rose Chapter Garden Club No. 1 was entertained at a Christmas Party Dec. 27th at the home of Mrs. H. D. Robbins.

The evening was enjoyed by all with games and music. A large Christmas tree adorned the living room with Christmas decorations scattered thruout the home. A yule tide spread was served in the dining room.

Tinley Has Bowling League

Tinley Park has a real live bowling team and the interest in this sport has increased to such an extent that Tinley now has a Bowling League of 30 members. At first they started with 20 men, but the men took to the game so well that the new League was formed. It looks as tho they will play all 8 alleys every Thursday night. Ernie Anderson is the captain in chief. The Tinley team bowls at Homewood.

Orland Twp. Sup. Asks State For Route 53 Papers

Papers for the right of way on route 53 also known as 159th street from Lockport to Oak Forest have been received in Will County and practically all the right of way has been secured in Will County for this highway which is part of the \$100,000,000 hard road bond issue system. No papers for the right of way in Cook County have been received and Charles Doctor, supervisor of Orland township has taken the matter up with the state highway department in Springfield why the papers have not been released to Cook County. The highway has already been paved from Oak Forest to Hammond, Indiana.

TINLEY TOWN TOPICS

Will the party make himself known who left \$15 in cash at the Bremen State bank for Chas. Maffing after the latter's home burned in 1926? Kindly advise the Bremen State Bank.

Mrs. Wm. Landau and infant son returned last Friday from the Silver Cross hospital, Joliet.

The Tinley Park Legion Post met Monday night. Plans are being made for a dance to be held March first.

Henry Vogt, Sr., has rented his farm to a party near Blue Island.

The Bremen stockholders will hold their annual meeting and election of board of directors Saturday Jan. 11.

The Zion Lutheran Ladies Aid met Wednesday.

The Zion Lutheran church voting members hold their annual meeting in the Lutheran school on the evening of Jan. 16 at 7:30.

Work has been going on laying the new drainage tile in the south part of town.

The sewer question came up again at the meeting of the village board Monday night, but the committee appointed by Mayor Wm. Funk at the last meeting to secure data on the proposition asked for more time and may make their report at the next meeting.

Mrs. Ehlers is ill. A report has been current that she was knocked down and hurt by a big dog belonging to Mrs. Sandidge, but Mrs. Sandidge says this report is not true.

BACHELORS GROVE LUTHERAN CHURCH
William Greve, Pastor
English services will be held at 10:30 o'clock next Sunday morning. Please note change in time. German services will be held at 9:30 a. m.

TINLEY PARK GARDEN NOTES

—By—
Mrs. Trudie Swisher

"Dinna forget all the past and its pleasures,
Dreams whose white wings overshadow us yet.
Keep the dried leaves, tho the roses have faded
Friendship fades never, so "Dinna Forget".

G. K.
The last regular meeting of the Garden Club was held at the home of Mrs. Henry Vogt, Jr., December 20th at 2 o'clock. In spite of the heavy fall of snow, there was a large attendance. The meeting was called to order by the president, Mrs. R. J. Hug, extending at this time the seasons greetings to one and all.

Mrs. J. E. Swisher read a lecture in darkey dialect, presented to the club by the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Corporation. This was in keeping with the holiday festivities so prevalent at this time of the year. The beautiful Christmas tree that graced the living room, trimmed so artistically by Mr. Vogt as a surprise for his wife, added charm to the occasion. Delicious home made cake and hot coffee was served by the hostess.

A special meeting was held at the home of our president, Dec. 30, 1929 to discuss plans for the approaching Central States Garden and Flower Show, April 5 to 13, 1930. This show will be held in the Chicago Stadium under the auspices of the Garden Club of Illinois of which Tinley Park Garden, also the Rose Chapter of the Tinley Park Garden Club, are members.

The next regular meeting of the club will be held Jan. 17, 1930 at the home of Mrs. Frank Baldwin. Time 2 o'clock. Kindly notify the hostess if you will not be able to attend.

NIAGARI GIRLS' CLUB
The Niagara Girls' Club brought sunshine to one ward of old ladies at the Oak Forest Infirmary, December 22nd, 1929, when they presented them with shoulder shawls and scrap books. These gifts were made by the girls and were beautiful in every detail. It looked for sometime as if the snow was going to keep this group of happy girls from making their visit to Oak Forest but thru the kindness of Hick & Mesenbrink, assisted by Jack Swisher, arrived in time to add their bit of happiness. Before leaving home, Lois Klepper, president of the club, presented Mrs. Swisher with a beautiful end table, a joint gift from the members. Mrs. Swisher was surprised and delighted with this token of love.

ORLAND PARK
A pleasant surprise was sprung at the Roy Newton home one minute after 12 o'clock New Year's eve, when the telephone rang and a chorus of voices yelled, "Happy New Year, Happy New Year", then all was quite. Although we were disturbed from our sleep by the telephone we want them to know we appreciated their thoughtfulness and extend our sincere Greetings of a "Happy New Year" back to the merry makers who ever they were.

Roy Newton and Family
Mr. Wm. McCally who is ill in the St. Joseph hospital, Joliet is getting along nicely.
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stortz were guests in the Schmaedeke home Sunday.
Mrs. James Creer is ill in the Silver Cross hospital, Joliet.

OBITUARY—ENDERS
Lydia Johanna Rosa Steinhagen, was born in Orland Park, May 1, 1896 and died at the Burnside hospital, December 30 at 6:12 a. m.

She was married to Fred Enders, June 3, 1916 and has resided in this vicinity all her life. She leaves to mourn her untimely loss, her sorrowing husband, six children, Iona, Parchert, Lila, Earl, Bernice and a baby girl born December 23, 1929, her mother, two sisters, three brothers, a mother-in-law, two sisters-in-law, and a host of friends. Funeral services were held at the Christ Lutheran church, Orland Park with Rev. W. H. Medlar officiating Jan. 2nd at 1:30 p. m. One of the largest crowds that ever met at a funeral here gathered to pay their last tribute to one who had been a kind neighbor, a loving wife and a devoted mother. The body was laid to rest in St. John's cemetery at Mokena.

"None knew her but to love her,
Nor named her but to praise."

next Sunday. Please come!

TINLEY PARK M. E. CHURCH
Services on Sunday at the usual hours. Sunday school at 10 a. m. and morning worship at 11 a. m. We welcome all to these services.

CARD OF THANKS
We wish to express our sincere appreciation to the friends, relatives and neighbors for the beautiful floral offerings, and also for the kindness and sympathy shown us in our recent bereavement.

MR. AND MRS. CLARENCE H. GOESEL AND GRANDPARENTS

Country Snow-Bound By Second Blizzard

Plans For Wolf Road Bridges and Paving Completed

Plans for four bridges and 1/2 mile of road to be built by the county for county bond issue roads have been sent to the state highway department for approval.

The bridge plans include two on the Wolf road, one south of Mokena and one north of Mokena. One of the bridges, south of Mokena on the Wolf road, will require two 40 foot spans and the structure north of Mokena will be one span 30 feet long. The bridges on the Maple road near Marley, on a new road location, will be in single spans, 35 and 45 feet.

It is planned to obtain separate bids on the bridge work apart from the general road contract.

Plans for paving Walnut street from Cass street to connect with Maple road, a distance of one-half mile, have been forwarded to the state highway department for approval.

Engineers are now at work on the road plans for the paving of the Maple highway.

Bids for these projects will be obtained during the winter or early spring, so that work can be started as soon as weather conditions permit.

It is the intention of Glen Fletcher, engineer in charge of county bond issue roads, to build 36 miles of roads under the county bond issue during 1930.

Plans for the paving of Wolf Road from the Cook-Will County line south thru Mokena to the Lincoln Highway have also been completed and have been sent to State Engineer C. Lamb at Elgin for his approval following which they will be transmitted to the state highway department in Springfield for final approval.

Lad of Five In Trip to Mokena

Little Stanley Baron of Broadway and Greenwood, started out to see the world at the age of five last Sunday afternoon and boarded a Rock Island passenger train for the great West.

But he didn't have a ticket and only got as far as Mokena, where railroad agents picked him up. He told them that he was from Blue Island, and they sent him back on the next train.

Officer Jenner of the police force met Stanley when he returned home from his journeyings and took him back to his home. His mother, Mrs. Victoria Baran, it will be remembered, was killed about a month ago in an automobile accident at Canal st.

—Blue Island Sun-Standard

Mokena P. T. A. To Give Plays

The Mokena P. T. A. will present their plays at the Marley church on Friday evening, January 17, 1930 at 8 p. m. The names of the plays are "Cabbages" and "Thursday Night."

Save A Promotion For Yourself

Do you know that most business men are on the lookout for young men who know the value of money?

In a large business organization where changes are always occurring, the individuals who are recognized and promoted are those who have their own bank account and are adding to it regularly.

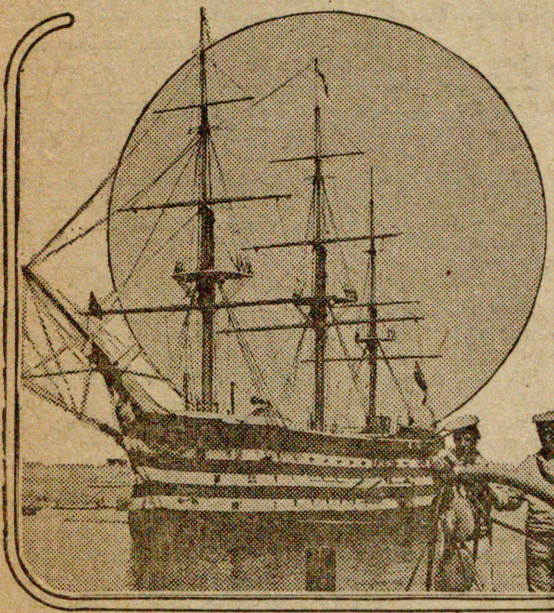
If you want to be recognized and promoted, start a savings account with our bank and show that you know the value of money.

Orland State Bank
TELEPHONE 61

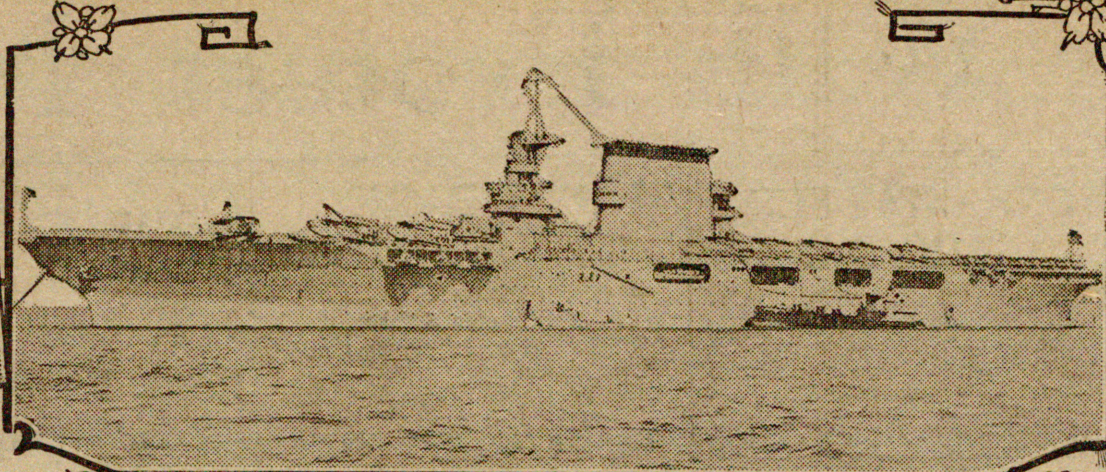
"(?) Rules the Waves"



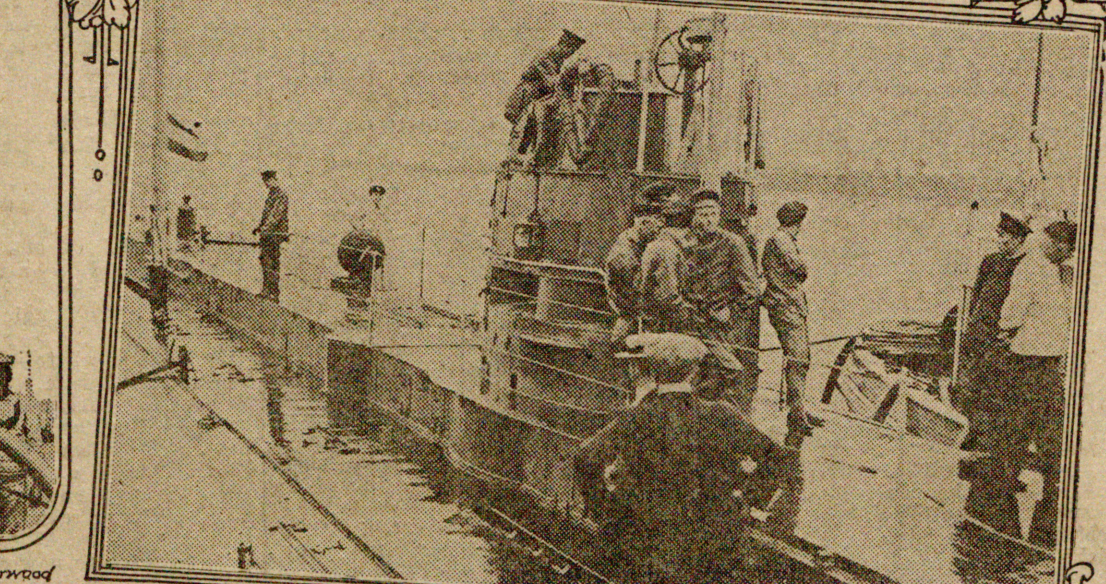
"MONITOR" VS. "MERRIMACK"—THE FIGHT THAT CHANGED NAVAL HISTORY



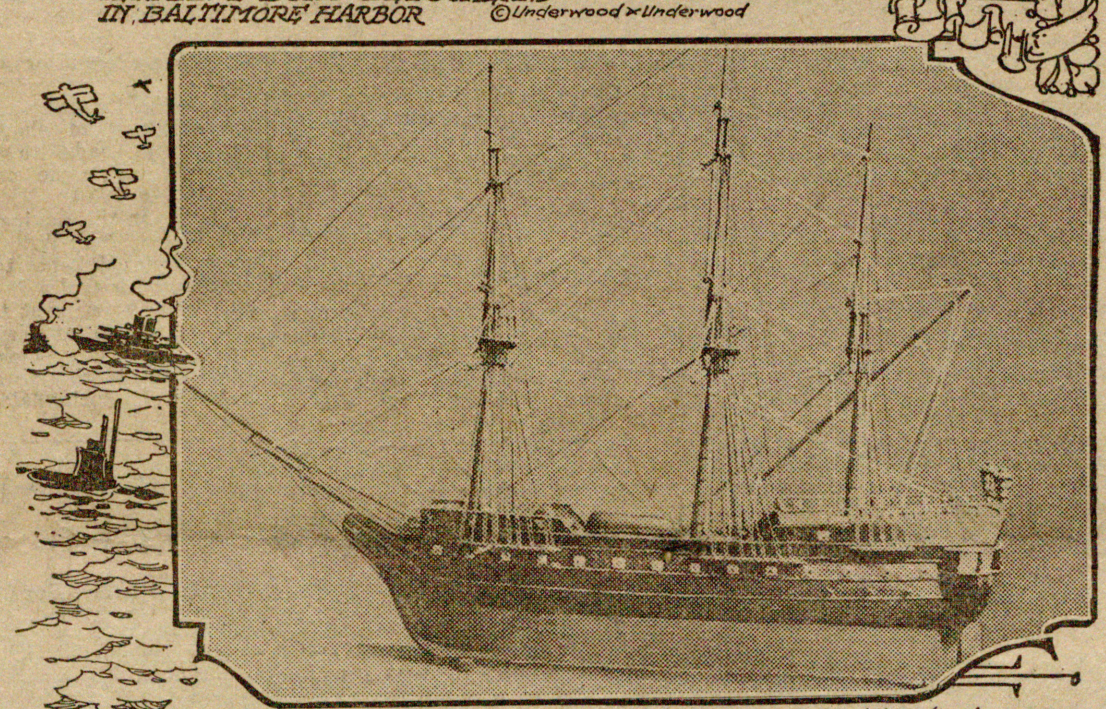
LORD NELSON'S "VICTORY" © Underwood & Underwood



U.S.S. AIRPLANE CARRIER "LEXINGTON" International



GERMAN U-BOAT "DELUSCHIAND" IN BALTIMORE HARBOR © Underwood & Underwood



JOHN PAUL JONES'S "BONHOMME RICHARD" International

By ELMO SCOTT WATSON

SOME three hundred years ago Sir Walter Raleigh wrote these words: "Whoever commands the sea commands trade; whoever commands the trade of the world commands the riches of the world, and consequently the world itself." Now that was not an especially original thought, for a thousand years of history, or more, had pointed conclusively toward the fact and had seen more than one nation making a bid for command of the sea, the riches of the world and the world itself.

But Sir Walter's observation is interesting because of the time at which it was uttered and because it was prophetic of the rise of a new sea power which was to make almost axiomatic and universally accepted the phrase "Britannia rules the waves." For only a few years previously he had seen Drake, Frobisher and Hawkins defeat the "Invincible Armada" and wrest supremacy on the sea from Spain and, although he did not live to see it, within the next few years the English were victorious over the Dutch in a long series of wars brought about by their maritime rivalry. And for the next 250 years his countrymen were to resist successfully any challenge to Old England's boast until a child of her own blood, who in his youth had somewhat tempered that boast, should rise in the strength of his lusty young manhood and claim equality in this matter of ruling the waves.

For that classic boast is no longer true. Just at present it reads "..... rules the waves." And what name or names are to be filled in on the dotted line yet remain to be seen. Is it to be "Britannia and Columbia rule the waves"? Or

Britannia, Columbia, Nippon—these three shall rule the waves by 5-5-3.

Or perhaps

Britannia, Columbia and Japan
And France and Italy
Shall rule the waves by some good plan
That gives naval parity.

Those are the questions which the world is anxiously awaiting to be answered and for which answer it is looking to the naval conference that is being held in London this month. As delegates from Great Britain, the United States, Japan, France and Italy sit down together to determine, in the words of Ramsay MacDonald, British prime minister, "How best the five powers represented can agree upon reduction and limitation of war vessels on the basis of mutually accepted strengths," they will be writing another chapter in the history of sea power which goes back to the day the first Phoenician bireme was launched somewhere along the coast of Africa. Sparta, Macedonia and the Roman republic owed their prominence in history to the aggressive use of military power, but Tyre, Athens and Carthage rose to their heights by developing their sea power. The Roman empire owed its stability to an almost perfect combination of military and naval strength.

But it was not until the dawn of modern history that sea power became an all-important factor in the history of the nations. "Let us follow the progress of sea power in the last centuries," writes Lieut. Com. H. H. Frost of the United States navy in the United States Naval Institute Proceedings for October, 1927, and he does it as follows:

The great voyages of discovery were made by the Portuguese and Spaniards and these powers were dominated by military rather than commercial instincts. Their ideas were rather to seize territory and enslave the natives than to engage in legitimate trade with them. Thus their conquests of Mexico, Peru, Brazil and the Philippines were rather military expeditions than the exercise of sea power.

The Dutch, on the other hand, built up real sea power. They were a commercial rather than a military race, and desired to trade with the newly discovered peoples rather than conquer them. Great trading companies were organized to support overseas commerce, and large sums were ventured in fitting out expeditions to the far corners of the world. So eager were they to open up new regions to trade and to discover shorter trading routes, that, in the midst of a tremendous struggle for independence, their merchants were able to finance at great cost three expeditions to locate a route to China through the ice-fields and inhospitable seas which lay to the northward of the Eurasian continent. The Dutch merchant marine developed rapidly. Their ships were small, seaworthy, and well-handled. Their crews were real seamen.

England became a great commercial power slightly after the meteoric rise of the Dutch Republic. At that time, the English race was not so distinctly commercial as the Dutch, and had great-

er military instincts. Thus their seamen did not at first engage in distant trade to the same degree as did the Dutch. On the other hand, they devoted more of their energy to semi-piratical attacks on Spanish trade and on their outlying possessions. Sir Francis Drake being notable for such expeditions. The British thus at the time of the Spanish Armada were rather farther advanced in naval development than were their Dutch allies. The subsequent rise of Dutch sea power, however, soon inclined naval supremacy also to the Orange standard, and for many years the development of British sea power was held back by the overpowering competition of their continental rivals.

This rivalry between England and Holland for supremacy in sea power caused a long series of wars in which the English proved successful.

In the numerous wars of the two centuries ending with Napoleon's downfall in 1815 the royal navy became the leading element of British sea power, because it was vital to security, whereas commerce was vital to prosperity. Thus we see the real purpose of the navigation laws was to maintain a merchant marine capable of supporting the navy in war. The fostering of peacetime commerce was a distinctly secondary mission.

When England began planting her colonies on the shores of the New World she had little idea that out of these colonies would grow the nation which was to challenge, more successfully than any other nation had ever done, her supremacy on the sea. Yet such was the case, for as Commander Frost has pointed out, "From the very date of their founding the American colonies took to the sea. Their people were seafaring by nature, their precarious hold on the coast depended on their shipping, and the forests of America provided the finest timber for planking beams and spars."

The development of shipping was rapid and by the opening of the Revolution, Massachusetts, the principal maritime colony, had one seagoing vessel for every 100 inhabitants. But this did not mean that the new nation was yet ready to make any pretensions to naval power. From the beginning our privateers inflicted heavy losses upon British shipping but these would have been of little account had the Revolution been predominantly naval instead of military.

But even though the decisive battles of the Revolution were fought by the Americans on land instead of on sea, the exploits of such naval leaders as John Paul Jones, Esek Hopkins, Nicholas Biddle, John Barry and John Barry, "the Father of the American Navy," promised well for the future sea power of the new republic after it was well established.

With the adoption of the Constitution and the act of congress of July 4, 1793, which laid the foundation for our merchant marine by establishing a tariff on imports and allowing a discount of 10 per cent on such duties where the goods were imported in vessels owned and built by American citizens, the American merchant marine experienced a growth which "is without parallel in the history of the commercial world." This was due to the fact that our people were seamen by instinct, that we had unlimited resources for shipbuilding and that the great wars in Europe, involving nearly all the leading nations, gave neutrals, such as the United States, a wonderful opportunity for development.

But with this development and the resultant prosperity came also its troubles. Privateers and

pirates began preying upon our shipping. The British naval vessels stopped our ships and impressed our seamen, and each belligerent began seizing our shipping for entering the ports of its enemies. All these factors made the building of a navy imperative and during Washington's administration six frigates were authorized. The completion of these men-of-war soon brought to an end the "unofficial war" with France. We next turned our attention to the Barbary pirates and forced them to respect the American flag flying at the mast of a ship.

It was the dispute over the freedom of the seas that drove us into war again with England in 1812 and this conflict represents perhaps the most glorious period in the history of the American navy. While the war on land was a dismal failure and general after general was losing engagements with the enemy, on the sea American commanders were winning brilliant victory after brilliant victory. It was this war which gave to the frigate Constitution the name "Old Ironsides" and a record of victories which has never been equaled. More than that this gallant old vessel established the principle of the freedom of the seas and made the Declaration of Independence a final and established fact.

After the War of 1812 our merchant marine continued to grow but the navy itself more or less stood still, so when the Civil war broke out the Confederates immediately fitted out swift cruisers to prey upon our commerce and our navy was powerless to protect our merchant marine from their depredations. On March 9, 1862, there was fought a battle at the mouth of the James river off Fortress Monroe in Virginia which changed the whole course of the naval history. It was the fight between the iron-clad Merrimack and the famous little cheese-box on a raft, John Ericsson's Monitor. When that battle ended warships of wood were obsolete and the new era of iron-clads had begun.

But even though the United States had made this contribution to naval warfare we did not assume a place among the naval powers of the world until that May morning in 1898 when Admiral George Dewey's American gunners and American guns poured upon the Spanish fleet in Manila bay the hail of fire which won a decisive naval battle in record time. When it was over the rule of Spain as a naval power was at an end.

The close of the Spanish American war marked the beginning of the dreadnought era in naval construction and the beginning of the costly naval armament race among the nations. In that race the leaders were Great Britain, United States, France and Germany. When the World War broke out Germany, bidding for a "place in the sun," and challenging the ancient boast of "Britannia rules the waves," brought into naval warfare a weapon which seemed destined to change naval history as much as did the Monitor. It was the submarine (an American invention, by the way) and how nearly she came to making it the decisive factor in the World War is too recent and familiar a story to need retelling here. But out of the horror of that great conflict has come the cry of humanity, "it must not happen again," and one of the steps toward answering that cry is the naval conference which meets in London this month.

He Was the Last Shane

By LEETE STONE

(Copyright)

THIEF or beggar? Which? His so-called rosy world of choices had narrowed to one of those two for Michael Shane. He passed and repassed a part open window on the second-floor fire-escape of a substantial apartment.

Ah, this was never a bit like Ireland. The war past, Michael had handed his mother a useless V. C., kissed her with a gay flourish, lighted her long clay pipe for her with exaggerated dignity, and promptly sailed for the golden land of opportunity.

Maggie Shannon's lips trembled against his in their good-by kiss. Both mother and sweetheart sent their last Shane away to seek his fortune with tears in their hearts and high hope in their eyes.

Michael Shane found America difficult and different; so much so that the passing of seven years found him one of the great army of odd-job casuals that ride in box cars from state to state. He had long since stopped writing to Maggie.

So he stared and stared at this open window, up one little ladder length from the pavement.

Stealthily, Michael was up and in the room. He cautiously swept the darkness with his one possession, a pocket flash.

From behind the gracefully meeting curtains of an alcove, faintly audible, came sound of a sleeper's breathing. On the bureau was a woman's handbag; delicate perfume invaded his nostrils pleasantly and memory rushed back to his lost Irish sweetheart, Maggie Shannon. A woman's room! That's what it is.

No! It was not in him. Preying on a sleeping woman. Better for Shane to starve. With a deep inhalation of the room's fragrance, Michael slipped out as silently as he had entered.

Then his arms were close pinioned in a steel-hard embrace.

"Well, my lad, you were not long," the officer searched Michael for the gun and pelf and found only the worn flashlight. "I've watched you ever since you picked this block . . . over to the station house with you now!"

"Why not?" Michael shrugged and smiled. "There's food and a flop there. This was my first job and I did not take anything, so they can't hold me long."

"Let's look at you!" The big policeman steered Michael under a street light and peered into his face. The eyes of both men grew large and round.

"Mickey Shane!"

"Paddy Flynn!"

Childhood playmates; buddies of the front line trenches—there they stood, speechless, before the long arm of Coincidence. Question and answer tumbled over each other for a few moments. Then from Paddy:

"Meet me here at seven. I'll be off duty. You're comin' home with me."

"Did I ever think o' tryin' the Force, Mickey?" Paddy asked over breakfast.

"Never, Paddy! This is my first time in New York since landing. It's been dollar to dollar out West with me. . . an' a long walk in between."

"Would you like it, Mickey?"

"Like it? Don't you know it's somethin' steady I been searchin' for?"

It wasn't long before Michael Shane started on his training for the Force that is known as the finest.

"Meanwhile, 'till they accept you for duty, Mickey—mind you lay around the rooms and get fat—see?" Paddy grinned the Flynn grin. "Ye'll need all the beef ye can pile in around this gunman's town."

One day Michael Shane entered the Bronx apartment, stairway and immaculate in the neat, deep blue of the "Finest."

"Look what you done to me, Paddy!" A re-born Shane spoke in hopeful, hearty tones.

Paddy leaped up. Eyes met eyes. They shook—a mighty grip, and something fine and intangible passed between them. Strolling together downtown, later:

"Come along, and I'll show you somethin', Mickey!"

Paddy stopped in front of an apartment that seemed strangely familiar to Michael Shane.

"The scene o' the crime, Mickey boy—remember?"

"Tryin' to forget it, Paddy. Let's be on our way."

"Sure thing, Mickey; but just a moment . . . 'twas the second floor front you stole into that night, eh?" Paddy compelled his reluctant buddy into the apartment lobby, and using a massive index finger, pointed to a calling card in a brass enclosure.

"Here's the name, Mickey—what do you say?"

Michael leaned down to the card. His breath came suddenly in a soft sob:

"Maggie!"

"The same—Mickey, quite the same! She's been in the land o' opportunity five years, an' she'll have none o' me. All the time hopin' an' lookin', she is, for you."

"Paddy! Paddy . . . you're kiddin' me!"

"Duck up, Mickey! It's Shane luck, is it, which never leaves a Shane. . . . Go see Maggie Shannon, man! An' mind, don't ye be late checkin' in at the station house on this ye're first day."

Are You Successful?



From the day that a young man starts out to seek his first position to the end of his business life, his health and personal appearance have a world to do with his success. If you are not physically up to the mark—appetite uncertain, digestion poor, and a general sense of incapacity and weakness, take DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY. It renews the blood with the vital life-giving red corpuscles and promotes robust health, a clear skin, energy, pep. Get "GMD" from your druggist in either fluid or tablets. Ingredients printed on label.

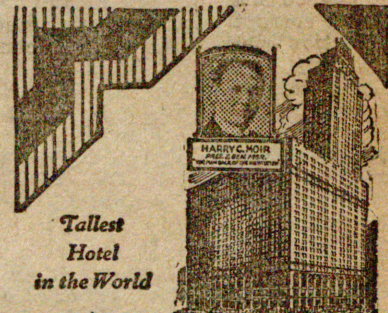
To Avoid Infection

Use Hanford's Balsam of Myrrh
All dealers are authorized to refund your money for the first bottle if not suited

AGENTS, Scientific remedy quickly heals Eczema, Ringworm, Psoriasis, Itching Feet, etc. FREE SAMPLE, or send \$1 for 3 75c jars. KUREX CO., PENNSYLVANIA.

MALE HELP WANTED

I'll set you up in the oil and paint business without a penny investment, make you my partner, divide profits 50-50 every week, \$50 to \$100 weekly your share easily made. Simply take orders for old established nationally known line of oils, paints, roadways, direct from farmers, home and auto owners, factories, etc. Prospects everywhere. Quick, easy sales. All or spare time. Free selling equipment. Write CENTRAL PETROLEUM CO., 608 Century Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio.



Tallest Hotel in the World
Forty-Six Stories High
The New Morrison when completed, will contain 3400 rooms

Chicago's MORRISON HOTEL
Corner Madison and Clark Streets
Closest in the city to offices, theatres, stores and railroad stations

1944 Rooms \$250 up
All outside with bath, running ice water, bed, head lamp and service. A housekeeper on each floor. All guests enjoy garage privileges.



Different

"American Extravagance" was the topic of Senator Shortridge at a Washington luncheon. "Our financial success is making fools of some of us," he declared, "but I am happy to say that at least some glimmer of sanity still remains. Yes, there are still a few like Jones."

"You know, dear," cooed Mrs. Jones, "that I ought to dress according to the fashion book."

"You'll dress according to my check book," retorted Jones firmly.

Entitled to Honor

Any person who has served in the army, navy or marine corps, and, if no longer connected, has an honorable discharge, is entitled to burial at Arlington.

Aha!

First Executive—Is your assistant back at work yet from his vacation?
Second Executive—No, just back.

It is worth a visit to Florida or California to see old people really enjoying themselves in winter.



Cold in Head, Chest or Throat?

RUB Musterole well into your chest and throat—almost instantly you feel easier. Repeat the Musterole-rub once an hour for five hours... what a glorious relief!

Those good old-fashioned cold remedies—oil of mustard, menthol, camphor—are mixed with other valuable ingredients in Musterole.

It penetrates and stimulates blood circulation and helps to draw out infection and pain. Used by millions for 20 years. Recommended by many doctors and nurses. Keep Musterole handy—jars, tubes. All druggists.

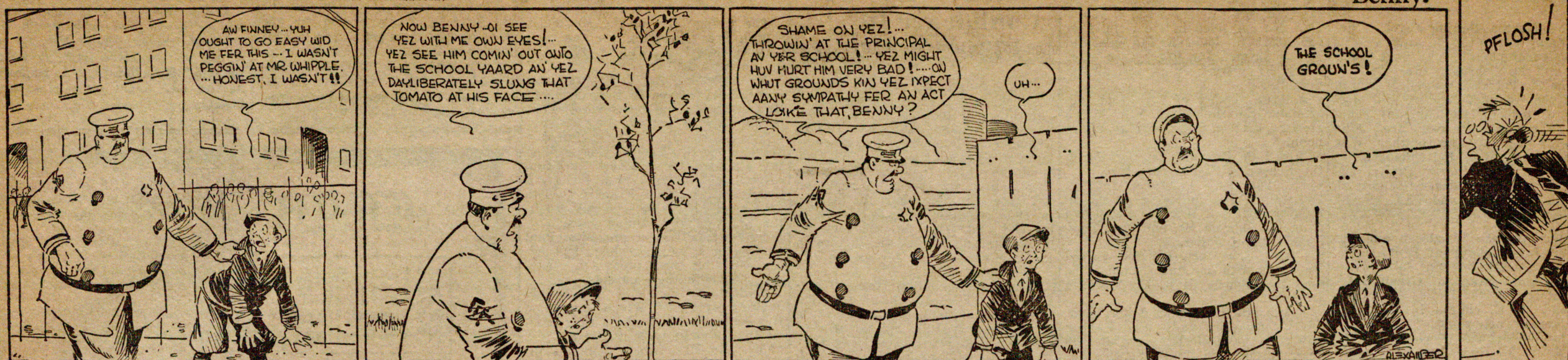
To Mothers—Musterole is also made in milder form for babies and small children. Ask for Children's Musterole.



W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 2-1930

FINNEY OF THE FORCE

By F. O. Alexander



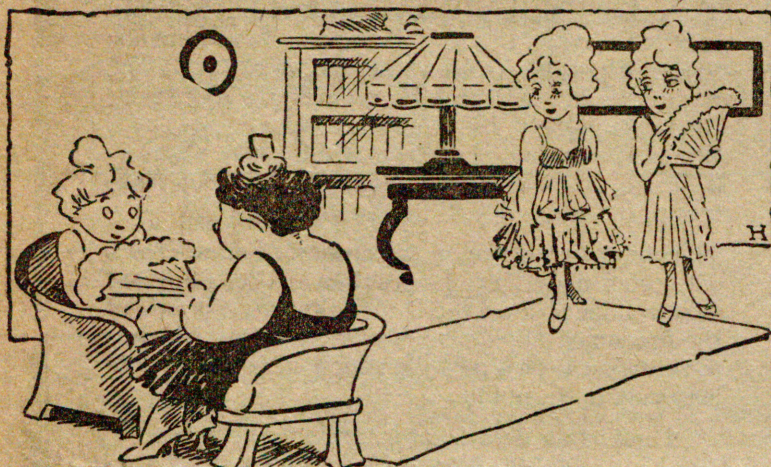
THE FEATHERHEADS

By Osborne



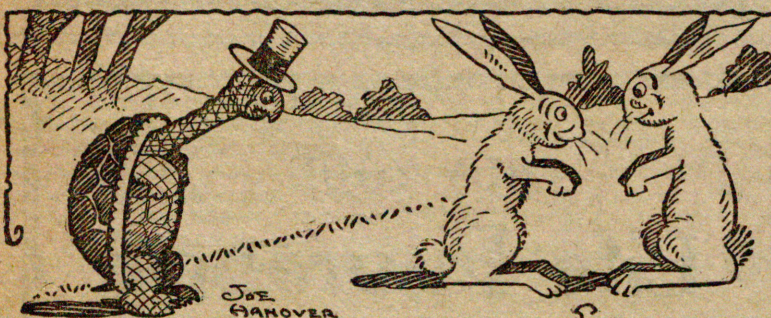
The Bait Is Still on the Hook

WELL UPHOLSTERED



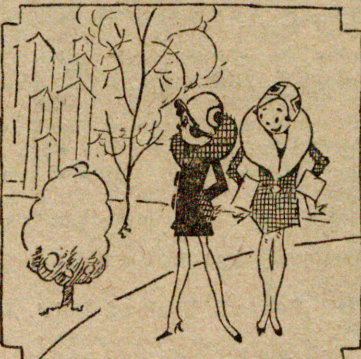
Hostess—There's Mrs. Ponderosa. Her husband's bitterly opposed to the extreme evening gowns, but she wears them, all the same.
Guest—Well, she has plenty of backbone.
Hostess—She must have. But she's so fat you can't see a trace of it.

VERY LIKELY



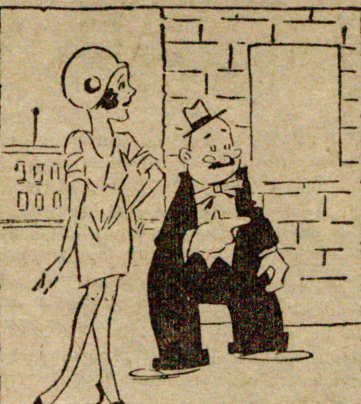
First Rabbit—Goodness but Mr. Turtle has a long neck.
Second Rabbit—Yes, I suspect he was the original "rubber neck"!

HAD BEEN THERE



Sweet Genevieve—I can't decide where to go on my honeymoon.
Olga Allimony—Why not go to the Riviera? That's where I always go on mine!

NOT A GUNMAN



She—What, he's killed a half dozen men? What is he, a gunman?
He—No—a New York taxi driver.

TOO LONG FOR TOM



"Tom doesn't call any more. Mother and he couldn't agree."
"Did your mother think he stuck around too long in the evenings?"
"No! Tom thought mother did."

Kisses Precede Shopping

Parson Tenthly—Does your wife always kiss you when you come home from business.
Deacon Duttons—Well—er—not always.
Parson Tenthly—Not always?
Deacon Duttons—No, only when she is going shopping the next day.

Silly Young Man

Zimzampir—Does your father object to kissing?
Stophelia—I don't know. Shall I tell him you would like to kiss him?

Lateral Pass

Algernon (reading joke)—Fawney this, Percy, a chap here thinks that a football coach has four wheels.
Percy—Haw! Haw! And how many wheels has the bally thing?—Union Pacific Magazine.

Ceased to Be a Joke

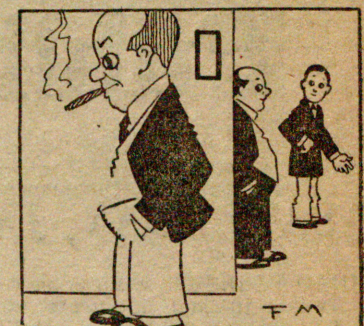
The Novice—I wonder what became of the good old mother-in-law joke?
The Old-Timer—The mother-in-law joke went out when the business got so good that jokesmiths could afford to marry.

HER RECORD



"How long can you hold your breath?"
"Oh, until the average fellow has gotten through kissing me, I guess."

NOT WHAT HE THOUGHT

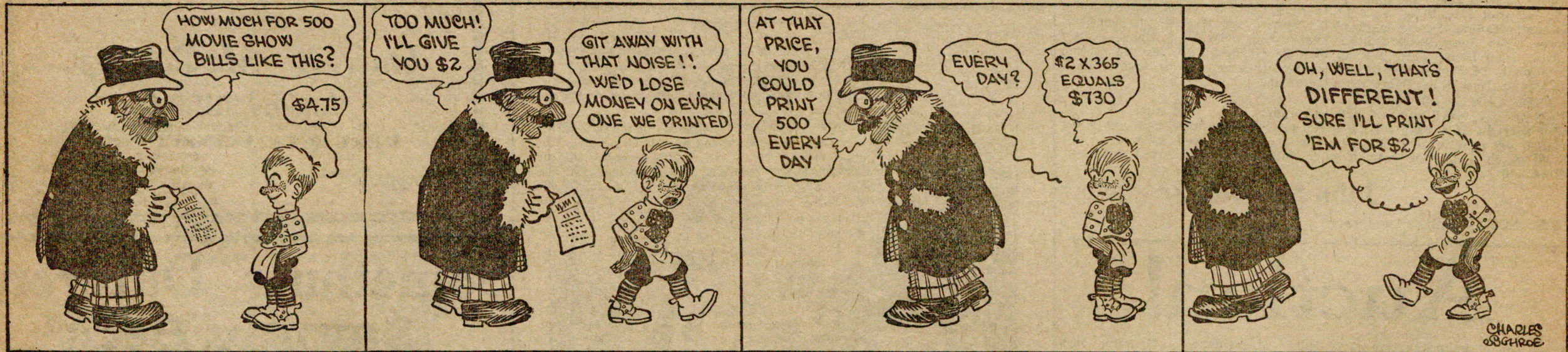


"I thought he bought an orange grove in Florida."
"He thought so, too; but it turned out to be a lemon."

MICKIE, THE PRINTER'S DEVIL

By Charles Sughroe

Why Printers Die of Starvation

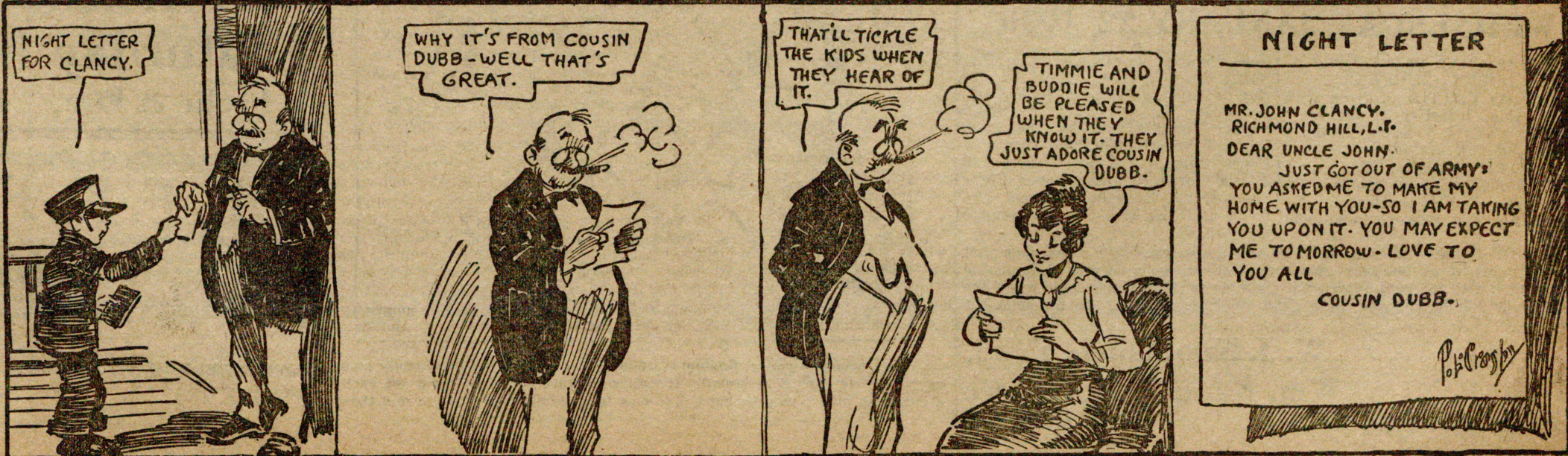


The Clancy Kids

Cousin Dubb Will Now Be in the Family

By PERCY L. CROSBY

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Report Of Banks In Orland Park, Tinley Park, Mokena, Frankfort, New Lenox

(OFFICIAL PUBLICATION)
Report of the condition of
ORLAND STATE BANK
located at Orland Park, State of Illinois, at the close of business on the 31st day of Dec. 1929 as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

RESOURCES
Cash, Other Cash Resources and Due from Banks, \$ 40,523.49
U. S. Government Investments 2,700.00
Other Bonds and Securities 61,014.75
Other Loans 184,916.33
Loans on Real Estate 51,758.41
Overdrafts 1,804.61
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures 11,178.00
Total Resources \$353,895.59

LIABILITIES
Capital Stock \$ 25,000.00
Surplus 34,000.00
Undivided Profits (Net) 1,003.35
Reserve Accounts 10,000.00
Demand Deposits 147,671.14
Time Deposits 134,721.10
Dividends Unpaid 1,500.00
Total Liabilities \$353,895.59

I, George E. Gee, Cashier of the Orland State Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that the items and amounts shown above correspond with the items and amounts shown in the report made to the Auditor of Public Accounts, State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

GEORGE E. GEE,
Cashier
State of Illinois, County of Cook ss.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of January 1930.
Frank A. Powell,
Notary Public.

(OFFICIAL PUBLICATION)
Report of the condition of the
BREMEN STATE BANK
located at Tinley Park, State of Illinois, at the close of business on the 31st day of December 1929 as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

RESOURCES
Cash, Other Cash Resources and Due from Banks \$ 60,689.05
Other Bonds and Securities 138,480.00
Loans on Collateral 2,610.00
Security 95,299.92
Other Loans 20,100.00
Loans on Real Estate 11,200.00
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures 11,200.00
Total Resources \$328,378.97

LIABILITIES
Capital Stock \$75,000.00
Surplus 21,000.00
Undivided Profits (Net) 6,045.10
Reserve Accounts 7,500.00
Demand Deposits 70,529.16
Time Deposits 148,304.71
Total Liabilities \$328,378.97

I, J. C. Andres, Cashier of the Bremen State Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that the items and amounts shown above correspond with the items and amounts shown in the report made to the Auditor of Public Accounts, State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

J. C. Andres, Cashier
State of Illinois, County of Cook, ss.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of January 1930.
Elizabeth Hardinger,
Notary Public.

(OFFICIAL PUBLICATION)
Report of the condition of
MOKENA STATE BANK
located at Mokena, State of Illinois, at the close of business on the 31st day of December 1929 as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

RESOURCES
Cash, Other Cash Resources and Due from Banks \$ 18,539.85
U. S. Government Investments 10,000.00
Other Bonds and Securities 3,000.00
Loans on Collateral 33,743.00
Security 100,068.07
Other Loans 42,047.84
Overdrafts 98.66
Other Real Estate 15,521.15
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures 10,140.00
Total Resources \$233,158.57

LIABILITIES
Capital Stock \$25,000.00
Surplus 25,000.00
Undivided Profits (Net) 3,907.90
Reserve Accounts 7,054.17
Demand Deposits 76,175.14
Time Deposits 86,732.10
Due to Banks 1,097.26
Dividends Unpaid 92.00
War Loan Deposit 8,100.00
Total Liabilities \$233,158.57

I, O. A. Bartels, Cashier of the Mokena State Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that the items and amounts shown above correspond with the items and amounts shown in the report made to the Auditor of Public Accounts, State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

O. A. BARTELS,
Cashier.
State of Illinois, County of Will, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of January 1930.
Everett J. Cooper,
Notary Public.

(Seal)

(OFFICIAL PUBLICATION)
Report of the condition of the
FRANKFORT STATE BANK
located at Frankfort, State of Illinois, at the close of business on the 31st day of December 1929 as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

RESOURCES
Cash, Other Cash Resources and Due from Banks \$ 33,603.22
Loans on Collateral 13,297.96
Security 164,908.74
Other Loans 24,006.34
Loans on Real Estate 20.64
Overdrafts 7,930.00
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures 243,766.90
Total Resources \$243,766.90

LIABILITIES
Capital Stock \$25,000.00
Surplus 25,000.00
Undivided Profits (Net) 693.07
Reserve Accounts 6,000.00
Demand Deposits 79,881.00
Time Deposits 104,192.83
Dividends Unpaid 3,000.00
Total Liabilities \$243,766.90

I, J. A. Lühring, Cashier of the Frankfort State Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that the items and amounts shown above correspond with the items and amounts shown in the report made to the Auditor of Public Accounts, State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

J. A. Lühring, Cashier
State of Illinois, County of Will, ss.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of January 1930.
Frank J. Kohlhaugen,
Notary Public.

(OFFICIAL PUBLICATION)
Report of the condition of
NEW LENOX STATE BANK
located at New Lenox State of Illinois, at the close of business on the 31st day of December 1929 as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

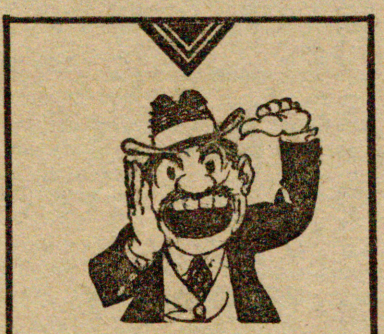
RESOURCES
Cash, Other Cash Resources and Due from Banks \$ 6,924.08
U. S. Government Investments 13,700.00
Other Bonds and Securities 8,000.00
Loans on Collateral 847.00
Security 39,505.50
Other Loans 18,600.00
Loans on Real Estate 100.66
Overdrafts 16,606.09
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures 104,283.33
Total Resources \$104,283.33

LIABILITIES
Capital Stock \$25,000.00
Surplus 2,500.00
Undivided Profits (Net) 123.69
Demand Deposits 45,982.33
Time Deposits 22,577.31
Due to Banks 8,100.00
Total Liabilities \$104,283.33

I, Ceward C. Batson, Cashier of the New Lenox State Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that the items and amounts shown above correspond with the items and amounts shown in the report made to the Auditor of Public Accounts, State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

CEWARD C. BATSON, Cashier
State of Illinois, County of Will ss.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of January 1930.
Muriel Hacker,
Notary Public.

(SEAL)



Dividend Printing

► There is one kind of printing that you want—printing that pays a dividend on the investment.

► A letterhead with right sort of type properly balanced is a real business asset. It wins the approval of the person receiving your letter, and while he is in this frame of mind your letter is read.

► The same reasoning applies to any other job of printing. Neatness, the right weight and kind of paper, the color of the ink, the selection of the type, all play an important part in the production of dividend printing.

We are equipped to give you that kind of printing. Let us prove it to you.

Unser Shuster



1st CLASS SHINE PARLORS
1st CLASS SHOE REBUILDER
WITH ALL NEW FIRST CLASS MACHINERY

Kohlhaugen's Store

FRANKFORT, ILLINOIS.
PRICES REASONABLE
ALL WORK GUARANTEED
CHARLES KOLMAN

Building Character
You, yourself, have forged every painful fetter that binds you today. You, yourself, have sowed the seed of all nobility and beauty that blossoms in your heart—Annie Besant.

Baptism by Sprinkling
The rite of baptism by sprinkling or pouring is supposed to have originated either in the Second or Third century and is alluded to in the writings of Cyprian, who gave his opinion that in the case of those who were sick or unable to endure the rite of immersion it was a lawful baptism.

Learning One's Self
Find out what your temptations are and you will find out largely what you are yourself—Henry Ward Beecher.

MOKENA

ST. JOHN EVAN. CHURCH
Rev. G. G. Bratzel, pastor
The annual meeting of St. John's Evangelical church was held Monday afternoon. The following officers were chosen for church council: John Stellwagen, August Hauck, and Fred Yunker. The Council will meet and re-organize the last Thursday in this month.

The Church envelope system was also adopted for this year.

There was no change on the cemetery board, the outgoing officers, John Cappel and Joe Kohl being re-elected.

This coming Sunday will be Mission Sunday and two services will be held, both in English. At the morning service at 10 o'clock, Rev. W. Webbink, of South Bend, Indiana will be the speaker. In the evening at 7:30 o'clock the Rev. M. Freese of Blue Island will be the speaker. At these services there will be a collection of denominational dues for 1929 for Missionary purposes.

The Y. P. S. meets on Tuesday evening, January 14.

The Ladies Aid will sponsor a play in the school auditorium, Jan. 22nd for the benefit of the church. Everyone is welcome.

MOKENA M. E. CHURCH
Rev. Harold Sandall, Pastor
Church School 10:30 a. m.
Evening Worship 7:00 p. m.

The new year has added several folks to the list of those who are working for perfect attendance in the Church school. Six classes had perfect attendance last Sunday. Sixty-two were present. Our enrollment is seventy-six. Let us see how near we can come to having regular attendance throughout the year.

Miss Inez Roberts is teaching the group of junior boys formerly taught by Miss Virginia Wallace. The members of this class include Dick Hirsch, Oliver Lauffer, Roy Homering, Charles Hostert, Bobby Benson and Bobby Riddell.

Clyde Knudson's class of boys:

Erwin McGovney, Gerhard Barlow, Kenneth Brown, George and Bristol Lauffer, Clifford Mahoney, and Michael Roberts are getting in trim shape to compete in inter-church basketball.

Miss Celia Cooper is using some very fine art work in the teaching of her Kindergarten class. The collection may be seen at the front of the church.

The young people's class is taking up discussions of topics of their own selection. Next Sunday the subject is: "The relation of young people to their homes." These young people are also sponsoring a dramatic club. Work is commencing on a three act play to be produced in March. The membership is not necessarily limited to the class; any young person may try for admission if he has interest and ability in that direction.

Evening worship next Sunday will be centered around the theme: "Working together with men." Mrs. Mollie Jackson went to Le-mont Tuesday to care for her cousin who is ill.

Edwin Hirsch who has been in the Silver Cross hospital, Joliet was brought to the home of his sister, Mrs. Willard Martie the past week. He took a turn for the worse and was removed to the St. Francis hospital at Blue Island. He is getting along nicely according to last reports.

Mrs. Milton Krapp is ill. Mrs. Shevlin is caring for her.

The Camp Fire Girls will hold a bakery sale in the real estate office of Ona McGovney, Saturday afternoon of this week, commencing at two o'clock.

L. G. Bruder is having a three car garage built. The building is of brick and will also have a room upstairs for a caretaker.

August Werner returned home Wednesday from a second trip to a Chicago hospital.

Walter Cooper has gone on a trip to St. Petersburg, Florida and will visit with his father George Cooper, Sr., also.

Roy Elmore who has been in Iowa

since last fall has returned to the L. G. Bruder place where he is now employed.

Mrs. Marie Shevlin visited in Chicago Wednesday.

Mrs. Sophia Bartels who has been visiting with her son at Sturtevant, Wisconsin came Saturday to visit a few weeks at the home of her son Otto Bartels and wife.

Mrs. Otto Bartels visited in Chicago Saturday.

Mr. Christ Sipple who has been ill in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hirsch was removed to the hospital in Blue Island, Wednesday evening.

Good PRINTING — Costs Less

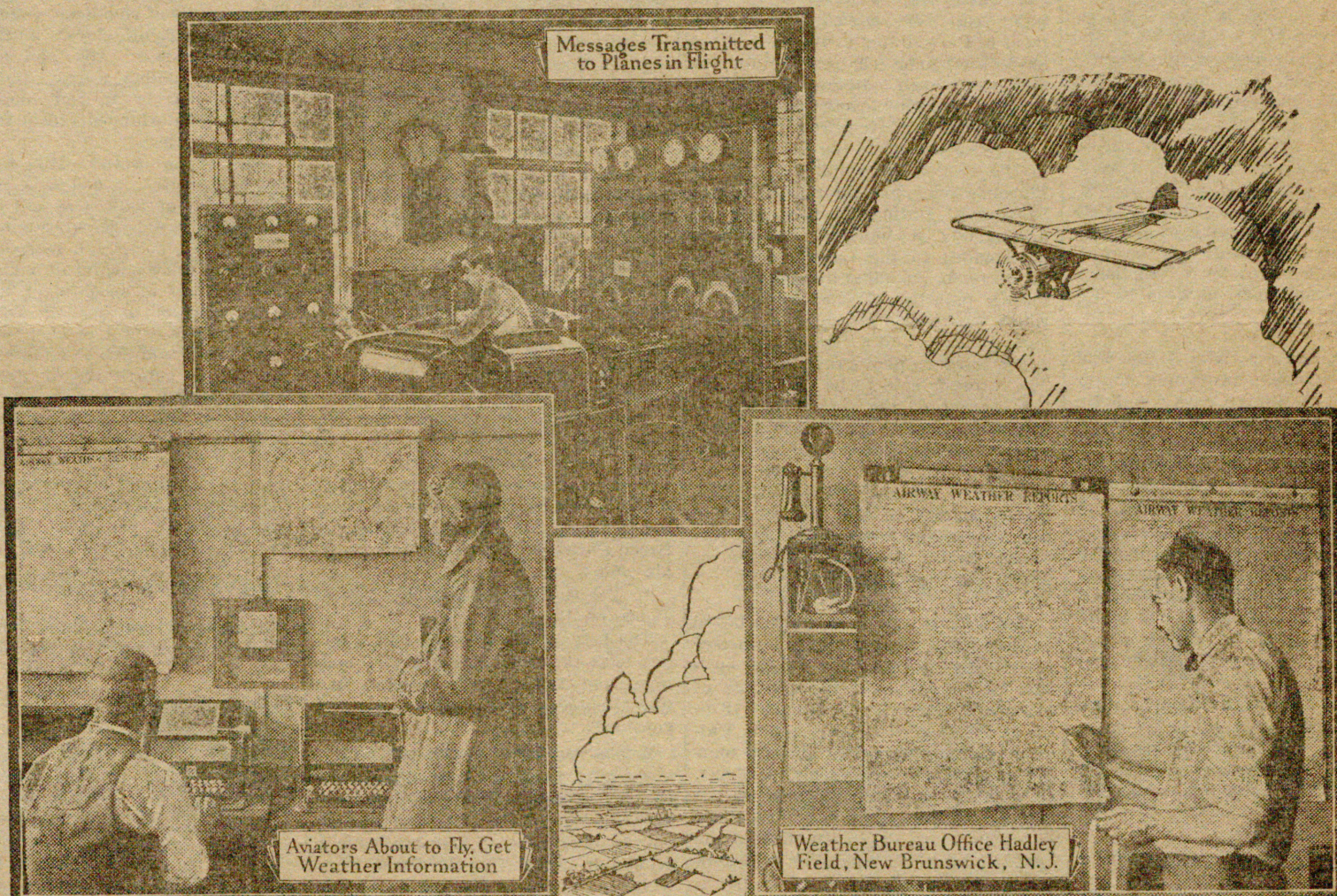
There is an old saw . . . "Whatever is worth doing is worth doing well." Especially is this true of printing. Printing, handled as we know how to do the work, is a good investment of money.

Let us show you how we can improve your present

LETTERHEADS
STATEMENTS
CIRCULARS
FOLDERS
CARDS

We know that we can prove to you that Good Printing Costs Less

How Weather Condition Reports are Collected On Commercial Air Routes and Radioed to Flyers



WEATHER OBSERVATION STATIONS ALONG THE ROUTES ARE CONNECTED BY TELEPHONE TYPEWRITER CIRCUITS

By G. G. BREED

THE future of commercial flying will depend largely upon the aid furnished through the scientific development of a system of communication by which the aviator will be kept informed of weather conditions along the scheduled route of his flight.

Such systems have been established in this country and are now operating to make commercial flying along prescribed routes a practical commercial success. In all these networks of communication the telephone typewriter circuits are the nerves that connect the vital centers for collecting and distributing the information so essential to the flyers.

The communication system employed by the Department of Commerce Airways Division along the New York-Chicago and the San Francisco-San Diego Airways routes consists of a series of radio stations located at strategic points with an interconnecting Telephone Typewriter service between these radio stations and the intermediate fields and weather collecting centers along these routes. A similar system has been put in operation by the Transcontinental Air Transport along its air-rail route across the Continent. In each case the Telephone Typewriter service is furnished by the Bell system.

A typical communication system is in operation along the New York-Cleveland air-route. Near the hangars at Hadley Field, two Weather Bureau men send up balloons to determine the ceiling and wind conditions in the upper air; obtain, from an anemometer, the velocity and direction of the wind near the ground; note cloud condi-

tions, field conditions,—anything that a flyer may want to know about the situation in that vicinity.

In their office is a telephone typewriter with a local circuit to the Department of Commerce's radio station at the field. Seating himself at this machine, one of the Weather Bureau men types out the information they have just collected. Similar information is sent to the radio station from a Weather Bureau office at the Newark Airport over the same circuit.

At a quarter before every hour the radio operator mans another telephone typewriter and begins typing the information sent in by the local meteorologists. All the way to Cleveland the information rolls out on the tape of machines located at various landing fields along the route. In less than a minute every station,—Northampton, Bellefonte, Mercer and many others,—knows all about weather and other conditions at the New York terminus of the airway.

As Hadley Field finishes its message, the observer at Northampton, the next field westward, picks up the thread and types out the meteorological data collected at his station. Within fifteen minutes every one of the thirteen along the airway has information, accurate and detailed, on matters affecting aviation at every other landing field. Whatever his destination, the pilot about to take off from any of these points has up-to-the-minute information of what is ahead of him.

It is still necessary to get the information to planes in flight. In the radio stations at Hadley, Bellefonte and Cleveland are long wave radio telephone transmitting sets. Every half hour these stations "go

on the air," relaying to planes the information given on the telephone typewriter tape. The pilot in the vicinity of Hadley Field will hear something like this: This is Station WWU, Airways Communication Station located at New Brunswick, N. J., broadcasting weather. It is now ten seconds after eleven o'clock. Hadley weather: clear, light haze; ceiling, 8,000; visibility, seven; wind southeast, seven; temperature, fifty-one; barometer, thirty point fifty-six; field, soft."

The radio operator continues with similar information on conditions elsewhere along the airway. Each station uses a separate wave length. As their ranges overlap, a pilot is always able to pick up at least one of the stations. The system along the Cleveland-Chicago leg of the airway is practically identical.

The service on the Pacific Coast links a number of observing points along the principal airway between San Francisco and San Diego, while the telephone and the telegraph link these points, in turn, with other observing points in such a way that every point in the heavens along a wide belt between the two cities is under constant scrutiny from eyes whose "nerve-centers" are the reporting stations along the airway.

The layout for Transcontinental Air Transport is the most extensive communication system of this kind yet undertaken by an airway operating company. This company operates a train-plane service from coast to coast. The trip from New York is made over the Pennsylvania Railroad as far as Columbus, O. Here a plane takes off for Waynoka, Okla., where connection is made with a Santa Fe train. This

train, in turn, connects with a plane at Clovis, N. M., that completes the trip to Los Angeles.

A telephone typewriter circuit connects Columbus and Waynoka and intermediate points, at each of which are weather observing stations. These points are also collecting stations for information obtained by meteorological stations off the main route, their reports being sent in over the telegraph lines of the railroads or by telephone. Thus the flier along this airway has full information on conditions over a wide strip on each side of his course. At various points along the route Department of Commerce and Transcontinental Air Transport radio telephone stations transmit the information to planes in flight. A similar system is in operation between Waynoka and Los Angeles.

The principal purpose of the telephone typewriter circuits in these networks is, of course, the exchange of meteorological data. As the transmission of this information consumes only a part of the time, the circuit is available for many other uses. It handles rapidly the innumerable administrative matters of the organizations concerned with airway maintenance. It gives the transport company the same close control of operations that it would have if they were all conducted at a single airport. It expedites handling of the mails and express by transmitting information in advance of arrival, as to quantity, weight and distribution of shipments.

The important part that Bell System Telephone Typewriter Service plays in air transport operations can scarcely be overestimated.



STATE CAPITOL NEWS
Hiram L. Williamson, Secretary of the Illinois State Teachers Association, is in line with the tremendous expansion program of the entire state, it is announced by Carleton G. Ferris, executive vice president. An eminent economist recently said that Illinois is one of three states which will be the center of immense industrial and commercial growth within the next few years. Responsible to the entire state of Illinois, the state chamber will find itself in 1930 in the midst of activities centering around industrial development, retail and wholesale merchandising, aviation, agricultural growth, and other subjects of vital importance to the Illinois of 1930. The program of work was never more clearly defined, never more broadly interpreted, and the need of co-operation never greater. With eleven years of experience behind it, the Illinois Chamber of Commerce is in splendid position to fulfill the duties it was created for, declares Mr. Ferris.

Clarence F. Buck, director of the state department of agriculture, in a forward look over the coming year, sees many possibilities to be of service to the farmers of Illinois. In his forecast he says: "This department will, in 1930, put forth every possible effort for the assistance of agriculture, the purpose for which the department was created and is maintained by the state. United efforts on the part of all who serve in this department will be insisted upon for this accomplishment. New laws, and revision of existing statutes, effected during the last session of the state legislature, offer greater opportunities for public service. Reorganization of the department forces, and revision in the regulations, under way in recent weeks, will tend to improve and expand the work assigned to this department and its various divisions." Remapping of the state for more frequent road inspections; extension of the campaign against tuberculosis in livestock; renewed activity in seed inspection and removal of plant diseases and blights; increased efforts for improvement of poultry; co-ordination of effort for advancement of dairying; enforcement of new law requiring content-labels on closed packages of fruits and vegetables; co-operation with the federal service in crop and livestock reports and estimates; promotion of the bee-keeping industry—these are an outline of the work to be accomplished during the new year, as seen by Director Buck.

There is some activity throughout the state, involving promotion of dry milk plants in Illinois, says a bulletin of the state chamber of commerce. The chamber suggests that a very careful investigation be made not only of existing plants in the immediate vicinity, but of conditions existing in the industry as a whole. It is one thing to promote establishment of a dairy plant of any kind or character in a community where conditions warrant it, and it is quite another to locate such a plant in a community where conditions are already excellent and where the establishment of new plants would simply mean eventual failure for all. There continues to be much unintelligent promotion of this kind, and the chamber feels warranted in emphasizing the value of careful investigation.

An increase in the state tax rate of nine cents was agreed on by the state tax board, composed of Gov. Louis L. Emmerson, State Auditor Oscar Nelson, and State Treasurer Omer N. Custer. The increase was necessitated by larger appropriations of the last session of the general assembly, including a vast building program and an increase of \$2,000,000 in the state distributive school fund. The rate is 39 cents on the \$100 valuation, which is 3 1/2 cents under the rate of 1925, when a high mark was set. The 4 1/2 cent rate of 1925 proved larger than necessary and the extra funds collected brought the surplus in the treasury up to \$21,000,000. Under the low tax rate of last year, this surplus was reduced to \$12,000,000. Another factor in the year's business is the reduction of assessments in Cook county, the board explains.

Attorneys representing the Modern Woodmen of America have filed with Charles W. Vail, clerk of the Supreme court, notice of their intention to apply for a rehearing of the case in which the Supreme court remanded the injunction suit brought by members of the order in Chicago, Beatrice, Neb., and Springfield, Ill. The suit originated in the Circuit court of Cook county. The petition for hearing will be passed upon by the Supreme court at the February term.

A stenographic mistake in a previous issue caused it to be stated that Justus L. Johnson of Aurora was a reporter for the Illinois State Journal in 1927. It should have been 1907. Since Mr. Johnson is expected to become a candidate for congressman at large to fill the vacancy created by retirement of Ruth Hanna McCormick from the lower house, correction of the first report is necessary. Mr. Johnson is fifty-one years of age. After completing college, he was engaged for a number of years as a reporter and editor.

Purchase of a site for an administration building near the capitol at an optional price of \$15,000, and an authorization to the board of directors to proceed with plans for erection of the building, were voted by delegates attending the annual meeting of Illinois State Teachers association, held in the Centennial building, Springfield. The structure is to be known as the William Bishop Owen memorial building, in memory of the man who died a year ago, and was active in the movement and in association affairs.

Justin Washburn, of Rock Island, was advanced to president; Fred L. Belster, of Glen Ellyn, first vice president; H. V. Calhoun, Belleville, second vice president; Charles McIntosh, Monticello, treasurer.

In an address, Governor Emmerson declared the purpose of education is to teach men to think and to point the way to a successful and worthwhile life, adding that the future of citizenship rests equally with parents and school teachers. The governor condemned hair-splitting historians who attempt to discredit the greatness of national heroes. "It doesn't matter to me whether George Washington actually cut down a cherry tree or whether he told his father he could not tell a lie. But I am vitally concerned in considering whether that story, or any one of a hundred others relating to our great national heroes, will influence our youth to better lives. If disproving that story would rob any boy of his ideal of truth and manly conduct, the hair-splitting historian who disproves it has done so at a heavy cost."

Dr. Charles H. Judd, director of the school of education, University of Chicago, urged the teachers to lend their support to a reconstruction of the school program which will give more attention to social instruction, in order to fit youth for citizenship. Students should learn more in regard to American institutions and ideals of government, declared Doctor Judd.

Rodney H. Brandon of the state department of welfare and many other good speakers were heard in an extensive program.

As soon as weather permits it is expected that rebuilding of the Lincoln monument in Oak Ridge cemetery in Springfield will be under way. The plans call for extensive rearrangement of the building at the base of the shaft and some changes within the monument itself. Before starting reconstruction, all Lincoln relics will be permanently removed from the building. Some will go to the Lincoln room in the Centennial building, others to Lincoln's home, and the remainder will be stored. During the past year approximately a hundred items have been added to the Lincoln collection at the tomb, including a duplicate of a \$10,000 painting of the Emancipator which hangs in a building in Lincoln park, Chicago, and a copy of the Alexander Gardner photograph of Lincoln. The latter is said to be the best likeness extant of the former president. During 1929 about 20,000 fewer people visited the tomb than during the preceding year. This reduction is attributed by the custodian, H. W. Fay, to the impression that the tomb had been closed for alterations. The custodian has a personal collection of 20,000 items of Lincolniana.

Activities of the federal farm board as they affect what the Illinois farmer grows, are to occupy the leading position in discussion at the sessions of Farm and Home Week, January 13 to 17, at the College of Agriculture, University of Illinois. Specialists in marketing grain, live stock, dairy products, fruits and vegetables, will discuss the relation of the farm board to these divisions. Dean H. W. Mumford of the college and other speakers will talk about the present status of co-operative marketing in Illinois, and the legal requirements for entering into the national plan of marketing. Other subjects to be aired during the week are the future of Illinois soy bean crop, trends in the use of power on the farm, utilization of farm products and by-products, and farm efficiency. The farm home and the farm family will come in for special consideration in connection with the meeting of the Home Bureau federation, including announcement of the state's 1929 master farm home-makers. A seed grain and corn show will be held, and the state crop improvement association will hold its annual banquet and business meeting.

The state tax commission has the power to order a county board of review to reconvene, after it has adjourned sine die, for the purpose of further revising, correcting and equalizing the regular assessment, the states' attorney of Franklin county has been advised by Attorney General Carlstrom.

Governor Emmerson observed his sixty-sixth birthday December 27. He was born in 1863 at Albion, Edwards county, according to the state blue book of 1923-24 and information printed in Who's Who.

Spelling down 65 entrants in the state spelling match, held in connection with the state teachers' convention in Springfield, Marie Densch, thirteen, of Golconda, became the new champion among representatives from many counties in the state. Emma Quong, thirteen, Chinese girl of Havana, was a close second after breaking a tie. Margaret Gray of Farmer City, Margaret Cox of McLean county, Mary Elizabeth Strookrey of Macon county, and Everett Davis of Williamson county, tied for third place.

Improved Uniform International

Sunday School Lesson

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D.D., Member of Faculty, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)
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Lesson for January 12

THE BAPTISM AND TEMPTATION OF JESUS

LESSON TEXT—Matthew 3:13-17 (Print Matt. 3:13-17).
GOLDEN TEXT—This is My beloved Son, in whom I am well pleased.
PRIMARY TOPIC—When Jesus Was Baptized.
JUNIOR TOPIC—The Baptism and Temptation of Jesus.
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Jesus Facing His Life Work.
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Triumphing Over Temptation.

I. The Baptism of Jesus, the King (3:13-17).

While the forerunner was discharging his office, the King emerged from His seclusion at Nazareth and demanded baptism at John's hands. The incongruity of this demand with the purpose of baptism brought from John a protest, but upon Jesus' satisfactory explanation, John baptized Him. Touching Christ's baptism, note:

1. Its significance. (1) Negatively. a. It did not mean His mere obedience to the commandment of God, because His entire life had been lived within the will of God. There was not a moment in His life but what was lived fully in accordance with the Father's will. b. Not because He had sinned, for He was absolutely sinless, harmless, undefiled—separate from sinners. This separation was so complete that even the devil could find no occasion against Him (John 14:30).

(2) Positively. Its significance is found in harmony with the central purpose of His coming into the world, which was to secure for His people salvation through death and resurrection. This act was the official entrance upon His work. It was an act of consecration on His part to the work of saving His people through sacrifice.

While baptism is a sinner's ordinance, Christ was baptized not because He had sinned, but because He took the place of sinners to be a substitute for them. In this He knew no sin was made sin for us that we might be made the righteousness of God in Him (II Cor. 5:21).

2. Approval from the opened heavens (vv. 16, 17).

Immediately following His consecration to His work, the heavens were opened and the Spirit came and abode upon him, followed by words of approval from the Father.

II. The Temptation of Jesus, the King (4:1-11).

Being thus commissioned for His work, His ability to meet the one whose destruction He had come to accomplish, must be demonstrated (Heb. 2:14). This temptation was the opening battle of the dreadful conflict between Christ and Satan. In this struggle note:

1. The battleground—wilderness of Judea (v. 1).

The first man was tempted in a garden with the most pleasant surroundings, and failed. The second man was tempted in a bare wilderness, and gloriously triumphed.

2. The method of attack (vv. 3-9).

Since, as the Redeemer of mankind, Christ sustains a threefold relationship, the Son of Man, the Son of God, and as Messiah, each one was made a ground of attack. (1) As Son of Man. This was a test of the reality of His humanity to demonstrate as to whether the humanity which He obtained through the virgin birth was real. The appeal was made to the instinct of hunger. Hunger is natural and sinless. (2) As the Son of God. It was a test as to whether this personality which had taken upon itself humanity, was divine. The devil quoted from a Messianic psalm to induce Jesus to presume upon God's care. God does really care for His own, but to neglect common precautions to do the unneeded for thing, just to put God's promise to a test, is to sin and to fail. (3) As the Messiah. Christ's mission as the Messiah was to recover this world from the devil. The devil offered to surrender to Him on the simple condition that He adopt his method, thus obviating the necessity of the cross.

3. The defense—the Word of God (vv. 4, 7, 10).

Christ met the enemy each time and repulsed him with "It is written." Each time he quoted from Deuteronomy—the book which the higher critics would discredit as unreliable. Jesus had enough confidence in it to use it in this the most crucial hour of the world's history.

4. The issue (v. 11).

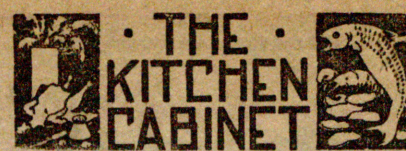
The enemy was completely routed. The strong man was bound, so that the spoiling of his house was possible.

To Secure Salvation

"But what can mortal man do to secure his own salvation?" Mortal man can do just what God bids him do. He can repent and believe. He can arise and follow Christ as Matthew did.—W. Gladden.

For the Millions

Christ appeals to the soul as light appeals to the eye, as truth fits the conscience, as beauty speaks to the esthetic nature.—The American Magazine.



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If you would be something worthwhile, first realize you must be something. You must be able to think, plan, and create; not be a mere echo of what someone else has done.—Lloyd.

GOOD MOLASSES RECIPES

Everybody likes molasses candy, cookies, ginger bread and steamed puddings. The flavor of molasses is not a small part of its attractiveness in various foods.

Apple Cake.—Cook slowly in three-fourths of a cupful of New Orleans molasses one and one-half cupfuls of thinly sliced apples, until tender. Melt three-fourths

of a cupful of shortening in one-half cupful of boiling water. Sift two and one-half cupfuls of flour with one-fourth teaspoonful of salt, one and one-half teaspoonfuls of soda, one teaspoonful of cinnamon, one-half teaspoonful of cloves, one-fourth teaspoonful of mace and add the hot water mixture, stirring until smooth. Add the molasses and apples, pour into a shallow pan and bake one-half hour in a moderate oven. Serve warm with whipped cream.

Cinnamon Snaps.—Cream one cupful of shortening and one cupful of sugar. Add one cupful of molasses, then two teaspoonfuls of soda dissolved in two tablespoonfuls of warm water. Sift two cupfuls of flour with one tablespoonful each of cinnamon and ginger, one-half teaspoonful of salt and add to the first mixture. Mix well and add more flour to make a stiff dough to roll out. Cut in desired shapes and bake ten minutes in a moderate oven.

Southern Spicy Gingerbread.—Add two beaten eggs to three-fourths of a cupful of sugar, three-fourths cupful each of shortening and molasses, the shortening melted. Then add two and one-half cupfuls of flour sifted with two teaspoonfuls of soda, two teaspoonfuls of ginger, one and one-half teaspoonfuls of cinnamon, one-half teaspoonful each of cloves, nutmeg and baking powder. Mix and add one cupful of boiling water. Bake in a shallow pan or in individual pans. Served with whipped cream it makes a party dessert.

Date Bran Bread.—Mix as usual one-half cupful of molasses, one egg, one cupful of milk, one and one-half cupfuls of bran, two cupfuls of whole wheat flour, one-eighth teaspoonful of soda, one tablespoonful of baking powder, one-half teaspoonful of salt, two tablespoonfuls of melted shortening and one-half cupful of chopped dates. Bake in a bread pan 45 minutes. Raisins may be substituted for dates.

Bran Muffins.—Mix one and one-half cupfuls of flour, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one-half teaspoonful of salt, the same of soda, two cupfuls of bran, then add one beaten egg, one and three-fourths cupfuls of milk and one-half cupful of molasses. Beat well and bake in gem pans a half hour.

WAYS WITH CITRUS FRUITS

A glass of orange juice when the stomach seems upset, is the pleasant as well as the most effective remedy.

Serve these fruits, freely all through the wintertime, while they are cheapest and the most plentiful. Prepare the mar-

malades which are so appreciated by the family, for use during the year when the fruit is more expensive.

The night cap and the eye opener in America is a glass of orange or grapefruit juice and one never need fear any but the best of results, from getting the habit.

Grapefruit Salad.—Cover sections of grapefruit from which the membrane has been removed with some sweet fruit sirup like the juice from canned pineapple, apricot or maraschino cherries and let stand for one hour in the ice chest. When well chilled drain and arrange on lettuce leaves and serve with the following dressing:

Fruit, French Dressing.—Take the juice of two oranges and one lemon, two tablespoonfuls of sugar, the grated rind of a lemon, one-half teaspoonful of salt, a dash of paprika and three-fourths of a cupful of olive oil. Beat well and chill before serving. Garnish with small pieces of candied fruit and nuts.

Grapefruit Tapioca.—Take one cupful of grapefruit juice and three-fourths of a cupful of sugar, mix with one and one-half cupfuls of cooked tapioca. Pour over sections of the grapefruit and chill until ready to serve. Garnish with slices of orange or grapefruit.

Citrus Cocktail.—Mix equal parts of grapefruit and oranges carefully broken into small pieces, after the membrane has been removed. Cover with a sauce, using lemon juice, the rind, sugar; boil until smooth and thickened slightly. Cool and serve over the chilled fruits.

A good, nicely seasoned gravy is a good part of any of these meat dishes. Often the liquor from the meat is all that is needed for moisture; add water and stir until smooth and thick with the flour used to bind.

Neenie Maxwell

LEADING... RADIO PROGRAMS

(Time given in Eastern Standard; subtract one hour for Central and two hours for Mountain time.)

N. B. C. RED NETWORK—January 12.
2:30 p. m. Chicago Symphony.
7:00 p. m. Heroes of the World.
7:30 p. m. Maj. Hawes.
8:30 p. m. Chase & Sanborn.
9:00 p. m. David Lawrence.
9:15 p. m. Atwater Kent.
10:15 p. m. Studebaker Champions.
N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK.
1:00 p. m. The Pilgrims.
2:00 p. m. Roxy Stroll.
5:00 p. m. Duo Disc Duo.
7:30 p. m. At the Baldwin.
8:00 p. m. Enna Jettick Melodies.
8:15 p. m. Collier's.
9:45 p. m. Fuller Man.
COLUMBIA SYSTEM.
9:00 a. m. Morning Musicals.
10:00 a. m. Children's Hour.
1:00 p. m. The Actess.
2:00 p. m. Symphonic Hour.
5:00 p. m. McKesson News Reel of Air.
5:30 p. m. Sermon by Rev. Barnhouse.
7:00 p. m. Our Romanic Restors.
8:30 p. m. Sonatour Program.
9:00 p. m. Majestic Theater of the Air.
10:00 p. m. Jesse Crawford.
11:00 p. m. Back Home Hour.
12:01 a. m. Coral Islanders.
12:30 a. m. Midnight Melodies.
N. B. C. RED NETWORK—January 13.
10:30 a. m. Doctor Goudiss.
11:15 a. m. Radio Household Institute.
8:00 p. m. Voice of Firestone.
8:30 p. m. A. & P. Gypsies.
9:30 p. m. General Motors.
10:00 p. m. Whittall Anglo Persians.
N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK.
9:00 a. m. Aunt Jemima.
1:00 p. m. National Farm, Home Hour.
2:00 p. m. Pepsodent—Amos 'n' Andy.
7:30 p. m. Roxy and His Gang.
8:30 p. m. Ingram Shavers.
9:00 p. m. Edison Records.
9:30 p. m. Real Folks.
10:00 p. m. Stromberg Carlson.
10:30 p. m. Empire Builders.
COLUMBIA SYSTEM.
8:30 a. m. Morning Devotions.
10:00 a. m. Ida Bailey Allen.
11:30 a. m. The Children's Corner.
12:00 Noon Columbia Revue.
1:30 p. m. Harold Stern and Orch.
2:00 p. m. Patterns in Prints.
3:00 p. m. Columbia Ensemble.
4:00 p. m. Closing Market Prices.
5:45 p. m. Browning Among Books.
7:30 p. m. Purities Bakeries Program.
8:30 p. m. Ceco.
9:00 p. m. Physical Culture Magazine.
9:30 p. m. "An Evening in Paris."
10:30 p. m. Voice of Columbia.
11:00 p. m. Paul Specht's Orchestra.
12:01 a. m. Abe Lyman's Orchestra.
12:30 a. m. Midnight Melodies.
N. B. C. RED NETWORK—January 14.
10:45 a. m. National Home Hour.
11:15 a. m. Radio Household Institute.
4:30 p. m. Auction Bridge Game.
7:15 p. m. Universal Safety Series.
7:30 p. m. Soconyland Sketches.
10:00 p. m. Chicago Club.
11:00 p. m. Radio Keith Orpheum.
N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK.
9:00 a. m. Aunt Jemima.
1:00 p. m. Forecast School of Cookery.
4:00 p. m. National Farm, Home Hour.
7:00 p. m. Pepsodent—Amos 'n' Andy.
7:30 p. m. Westinghouse Salute.
8:00 p. m. Yeast Foamers.
9:00 p. m. Sylvania Foresters.
9:30 p. m. Real Folks.
COLUMBIA SYSTEM.
8:30 a. m. Morning Devotions.
10:00 a. m. Ida Bailey Allen.
11:30 a. m. Columbia Revue.
3:00 p. m. Columbia Ensemble.
4:00 p. m. Columbia Symphony Orch.
5:00 p. m. Rhythm Kings.
6:30 p. m. Ambassador Tea Dance.
6:30 p. m. Alice Foote MacDougall.
7:00 p. m. Carborundum Hour.
8:30 p. m. True Romances.
9:00 p. m. Old Gold—Paul Whiteman.
10:30 p. m. Night Club Romances.
11:30 p. m. Hotel Paramount Orch.
12:01 a. m. Lombardo, Royal Canadians.
12:30 a. m. Midnight Melodies.
N. B. C. RED NETWORK—January 15.
10:15 a. m. National Home Hour.
11:15 a. m. Radio Household Institute.
8:00 p. m. Mobili.
9:00 p. m. Halsey Stuart.
9:30 p. m. Palmolive Hour.
10:30 p. m. Headline Huntin'.
N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK.
9:00 a. m. Aunt Jemima.
10:30 a. m. Mary Hale Martin.
11:00 a. m. Forecast School of Cookery.
1:00 p. m. National Farm, Home Hour.
7:00 p. m. Pepsodent—Amos 'n' Andy.
7:30 p. m. Westinghouse Salute.
8:00 p. m. Yeast Foamers.
9:00 p. m. Sylvania Foresters.
9:30 p. m. Real Folks.
COLUMBIA SYSTEM.
8:30 a. m. Morning Devotions.
10:00 a. m. Ida Bailey Allen.
11:30 a. m. Columbia Revue.
3:00 p. m. Columbia Ensemble.
4:00 p. m. Musical Album.
5:15 p. m. Twilight Troubadors.
6:00 p. m. Closing Market Prices.
6:30 p. m. Lombardo, Royal Canadians.
8:00 p. m. Grand Opera Concert.
9:00 p. m. Kolster Radio Hour.
10:30 p. m. In a Russian Village.
11:00 p. m. Hank Simon's Show Boat.
12:30 a. m. Midnight Melodies.
N. B. C. RED NETWORK—January 16.
10:30 a. m. National Home Hour.
11:15 a. m. Radio Household Institute.
5:00 p. m. Radio Keith Orpheum.
6:30 p. m. Howard Corcoran Hour.
7:00 p. m. Fleischman Sunshine Hour.
9:00 p. m. Seiberling Singers.
9:30 p. m. National Sugar Refining Co.
10:00 p. m. Radio Keith Orpheum.
N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK.
9:00 a. m. Aunt Jemima.
10:45 a. m. Barbara Gould.
11:00 a. m. Forecast School of Cookery.
4:00 p. m. National Farm, Home Hour.
7:00 p. m. Pepsodent—Amos 'n' Andy.
7:30 p. m. Champion Sparkers.
8:00 p. m. Smith Brothers.
9:00 p. m. Atwater Kent.
COLUMBIA SYSTEM.
8:30 a. m. Morning Devotions.
10:00 a. m. Ida Bailey Allen.
11:30 a. m. Du Barry Beauty Talk.
1:45 p. m. Columbia Noon Day Club.
3:00 p. m. Harold Stern and Orch.
4:00 p. m. Columbia Ensemble.
5:00 p. m. Dr. Hodgson's Health Talk.
6:00 p. m. Columbia Symphony Orch.
7:00 p. m. Paul Specht's Orchestra.
8:15 p. m. Politics in Washington.
9:00 p. m. True Detective Mysteries.
10:20 p. m. National Forum from Wash.
11:00 p. m. Dream Boat.
12:01 a. m. Lombardo, Royal Canadians.
12:30 a. m. Midnight Melodies.
N. B. C. RED NETWORK—January 17.
10:45 a. m. National Home Hour.
11:15 a. m. An Evening in Paris.
9:30 p. m. Schradertown Band.
10:00 p. m. Planter's Peanuts.
N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK.
1:00 p. m. National Farm, Home Hour.
7:00 p. m. Pepsodent—Amos 'n' Andy.
7:30 p. m. Dixie Circus.
8:45 p. m. Craddock Terry.
9:00 p. m. Interwoven Pair.
10:30 p. m. Armour Hour.
COLUMBIA SYSTEM.
8:30 a. m. Morning Devotions.
9:30 a. m. Morning on Broadway.
10:00 a. m. Ida Bailey Allen.
11:00 a. m. Nell Vinick.
12:00 a. m. The Week-Enders.
12:15 p. m. Columbia Salon Orchestra.
1:30 p. m. Savoy Plaza Orchestra.
3:00 p. m. Columbia Ensemble.
4:00 p. m. Dr. Clark—French Lessons.
5:15 p. m. Ambassador Tea Dance.
6:15 p. m. Closing Market Prices.
9:00 p. m. True Story Hour.
11:00 p. m. Jan Garber's Orchestra.
12:30 a. m. Midnight Melodies.
N. B. C. RED NETWORK—January 18.
11:15 a. m. Radio Household Institute.
2:00 p. m. New Business World.
7:30 p. m. Skelodians.
8:30 p. m. Launderland Lyrics.
9:00 p. m. General Electric.
10:00 p. m. Lucky Strike.
N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK.
9:00 a. m. Aunt Jemima.
1:00 p. m. National Farm, Home Hour.
2:00 p. m. Gold Spot Orchestra.
7:00 p. m. Pepsodent—Amos 'n' Andy.
COLUMBIA SYSTEM.
8:30 a. m. Morning Devotions.
11:00 a. m. Adventures of Helen, Mary.
12:00 Noon Columbia Noon Day Club.
1:30 p. m. Tucker, Barclay Orchestra.
2:00 p. m. Columbia Ensemble.
3:00 p. m. Club Plaza Orchestra.
6:00 p. m. Abe Lyman's Orchestra.
6:30 p. m. Nit Wit Hour.
7:00 p. m. Ledroit and Ensemble.
8:00 p. m. Lombardo, Royal Canadians.
8:15 p. m. Babson Finance Period.
10:00 p. m. Paramount-Public Hour.
11:00 p. m. Lombardo, Royal Canadians.
12:30 a. m. Midnight Melodies.

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For every stomach and intestinal ill. This good old-fashioned herb home remedy for constipation, stomach ills and other derangements of the system so prevalent these days is in even greater favor as a family medicine than in your grandmother's day.

Serious Problem Faced by Chinese Christians

In its war on superstition, which has involved the destruction of a number of temple idols, the Nanking government has aroused the Buddhists of Hankow, who, claiming that over-draught attacks have been made on their faith, have appointed a delegation to visit Nanking and to demand that a policy of no discrimination against Buddhism be adopted. The delegation declares that if religion is to be suppressed or religious property confiscated then they demand that all religions be treated on the same basis. The government, in accepting a petition from the Buddhists, has let it be known that the delegation will be given a hearing. Holding office under the government are many Chinese Christians who are now to be faced with the problem of agreeing to attack their own religion as well as Buddhism or else show why the Buddhists are being denied religious liberty.

"Interesting, if True"
A "master wireless clock," capable of controlling watches by wireless, has been patented in Russia.



AFTER OPERATIONS

"I was three times under an operation and I was very weak and nervous and could not eat. I suffered for ten years. I learned about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and my husband bought me a bottle. I felt a little better and he bought me two more. I had the Compound in my home for two years and took it all the time. Now I feel strong and can do anything."—Mrs. A. Michalk, 5443 Mitchell Ave., Detroit, Michigan.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound
Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lowell, Mass.



Makes Life Sweeter

Too much to eat—too rich a diet—or too much smoking. Lots of things cause sour stomach, but one thing can correct it quickly. Phillips Milk of Magnesia will alkalize the acid. Take a spoonful of this pleasant preparation, and the system is soon sweetened.

Phillips is always ready to relieve distress from over-eating; to check all acidity; or neutralize nicotine. Remember this for your own comfort; for the sake of those around you. Endorsed by physicians, but they always say Phillips. Don't buy something else and expect the same results!

PHILLIPS Milk of Magnesia

A MOTHER'S PROBLEM

Is how to treat her child who is peevish and fretful, yet not seriously sick. Many mothers say they always keep a package of Mother's Milk Powders on hand for use when needed. They break up colds, relieve feverishness, worms, constipation, headache, teething disorders and stomach troubles, and act as a tonic to the whole system. Equally good for older people. Sold by Drug-ANY SUBSTITUTE gists everywhere. Trial package sent Free. Address, THE MOTHER GRAY CO., Le Roy, N. Y.

"If at First—"

"I didn't marry until I got the right man," said the old-fashioned woman. "Well," replied the modern one, "I'm going to keep on marrying until I get him, too."

Salts Fine for Aching Kidneys

When Back Hurts Flush Your Kidneys as You Clean Your Bowels

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, sometimes get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders. You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region begin drinking lots of water. Also get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is intended to flush clogged kidneys and help stimulate them to activity. It also helps neutralize the acids in the urine so they no longer irritate, thus helping to relieve bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia water drink which everybody should take now and then to help keep their kidneys clean.

A well-known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in trying to correct kidney trouble while it is only trouble.

Tiny Zep Cools Theater

A miniature Zeppelin, which travels around the auditorium of a theater to cool and purify the air, has been invented by a London man. A secret device causes the flying machine to constantly change color from bright crimson to Mediterranean blue.

Denmark has replaced the cabinet title, "minister of war," with a more progressive-sounding title, "minister of protection."

Colds

At first sign of a cold, take **MR-NATURE'S REMEDY**—the laxative that thoroughly cleans your intestines. It is the one quick way to get relief and guard your health. Mild, safe, purely vegetable, pleasant—25c.

For Sale at All Druggists



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling
Restores Color and
Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair
60c and \$1.00 at Druggists
Hilcox Chem. Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

FLORESTON SHAMPOO—Ideal for use in connection with Parker's Hair Balsam. Makes the hair soft and fluffy. 60 cents by mail or at druggists. Hilcox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

COUNT LUCKNER THE SEA DEVIL

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By LOWELL THOMAS

CHAPTER XI

-15-

Shipwrecked in Southern Seas

We amused ourselves by playing with the sharks. The landlubber can scarcely imagine the hatred the sailor feels for those bloodthirsty monsters. We had a particular grievance against them. A swim now and then would have provided us with needed baths and would have been a pleasant and vigorous diversion from the endless monotony of cabin and deck, our wooden prison. Many a time I looked down into the cool, refreshing element, and a shark would idle beneath my gaze, as though waiting for me there. The sailors passed the time by angling for the voracious monsters. They would catch a couple, tie their tails together and throw them back into the water. The sharks, unable to agree on the direction of their mutual movement, would have a great tug of war. The sailors thought the plight of their loathed enemies quite comical.

Or they would take a large shark, tie an empty and water-tight barrel to his tail, and heave him over. The fish would dart downward, but the barrel would stay relentless at the surface. Now would ensue a desperate struggle which we could follow by watching the gyrations of the barrel. The sharks displayed an excellent eye for chunks of bacon with hand grenades in them. When the bomb went off in the creature's stomach, pieces of shark would go flying in all directions.

We had been in the Pacific for five months now, and had sailed 35,000 miles. With our stale water and the lack of fresh food, scurvy was breaking out among our men, and then beri-beri, which "turns the blood to water." Limbs and joints were swelling. We imperatively needed fresh water and food and a rest on shore. But where could we go? All the islands of the Pacific were in the hands of the French, British and Japanese. We certainly felt it keenly, now that the whole world was against us. There was no inhabited place that would welcome us. It made us feel very lonely.

"Well," I said to my boys, "we will pick out some nice deserted island where there will be no hand raised against us and no wireless to call the cruisers, and we will get water and some kind of vegetables and maybe shoot some game and have a fine shore leave. Then, after we have rested up, what ho, boys, and away for more adventure."

Buccaneering in the Pacific, with only three ships sunk in five months, seemed much too unprofitable. I planned that, after a brief sojourn on some peaceful South Sea Isle, we would sail for the Antipodes. Then we would destroy the English whaling station and oil tanks at South Georgia, sink a few ships, capture one on which to ship our prisoners, and, if we got away safely, continue our cruise in the prosperous waters of the Atlantic.

Our first plan was to sail direct to one of the larger Cook Islands. But we gave that up for fear of finding a wireless station there that might give us away. We did not want to move east of our present longitude, for that would have taken us against the trade wind and compelled us to use our motor. It was necessary to save the engine as much as possible and not have it wear out on us. We hoped we would need it for further captures and escapes.

Mopelia, one of the Society Islands (some geographers include it in the Scilly Isles), seemed about right for our purpose. It was a French possession, and so far as we knew, uninhabited. It was one of those isles of the South Seas so fantastically beautiful and so awkward for the sailor to approach. Only seldom does he find one with a decent anchorage, and nowhere in the world are the winds and currents more treacherous.

On the morning of July 29, we sighted Mopelia, and steered toward it. Words fail me when I try to describe its beauties. From the blue ocean rises a mass of green palms. The sunlight glows in the green. It somehow even seems to turn the sunlight green. Against the dark blue of the sea and the light-blue of the sky, the sunlight seems to be drawing the green island out of the water, and the soft south wind carries the scent of flowers far out to sea. It is the greeting of the island, and we inhale it deeply.

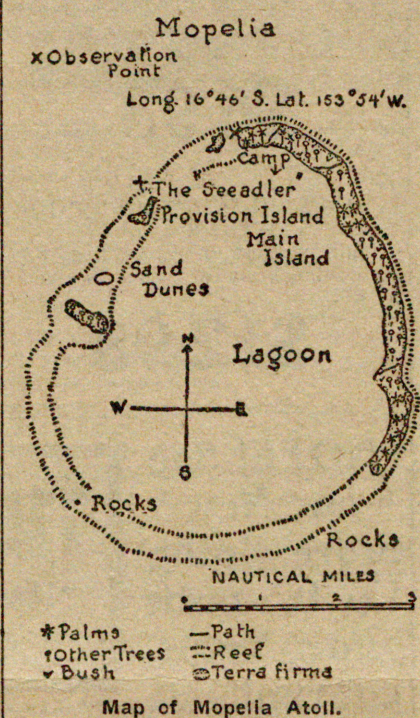
Here was a typical coral atoll—the kind you dream about. A circular reef studded with waving palms and within the reef a lovely, placid lagoon. The coral shore was snow white, and, with the sun's rays reflecting from it, it looked like a sparkling jewel set in an alabaster ring, like emeralds set in ivory. There were coral terraces below the water. The shallower ones were white or pale green, and as you peered deeper into the water you saw every conceivable tint of green and blue, sea green, emerald green, blue green, azure blue, sapphire blue, navy blue, violet.

As we sailed nearer and nearer that alluring coral shore, we saw flowers

among the palms, flowers of all colors and immense numbers of orchids. The hues of the flowers were reflected in the water over the white coral that deepened and turned green. Within the circular reef the lagoon seemed fully as deep as the sea outside, only at perfect peace and smooth like a mirror. It would have made a perfect anchorage for us, save that it had one entrance so narrow that only a small boat could pass through it.

A strong current ran through the opening. We cast our anchor on the coral and tethered our ship to it with a long cable. The pull of the current kept her far enough offshore. I was afraid, for a while, that a shift of the wind might blow her on the reef, but we saw, after a while, that she had dragged anchor. If the current were strong enough for that, why surely it would be strong enough to keep her from blowing ashore. Leaving several men aboard as a watch, we went on land for a glorious shore leave, sailors, officers, prisoners, and all.

What would we find? We wanted water and fresh food. When we got inside of the lagoon, we found to our astonishment that it was a breeding place for turtles. There were hundreds of them in the water and on the



shore, huge fellows weighing two or three hundred pounds. The water was full of beautiful fish. There was big lobsters without claws that promised to be the best of food. The atoll was alive with birds, hundreds of thousands of them, with nests and eggs everywhere. They were so tame that one of my boys whom I sent to collect enough eggs for an omelette returned, saying:

"I didn't get an egg. The birds were so tame and trusting that I hadn't the heart to disturb them and take their eggs."

Nor was the island without human inhabitants. We found three Kanakas, Polynesians who had been left there by a French firm to catch turtles. They were greatly frightened when they found that we were Germans. The French had told them frightful tales about the Boches. We, however, quickly made friends with them. They were much relieved when they found that we did not intend to injure them, and when we made amicable overtures, they were only too glad to respond.

First, my boys ran hither and thither to satisfy their curiosity about this strange island. Then they quickly settled down to useful occupations. Some set about catching fish and lobsters. Others gathered birds' eggs. A few brought armfuls of coconuts. Three boys turned a big turtle on its back and pulled it along with a rope. There were wild pigs on the island. We shot a couple. Soon the boat put out to the ship loaded deeply with a huge collection of epi-

turean delicacies. That night the mess was fit for the table of a royal palace—turtle soup with turtle eggs, broiled lobster, omelettes of gulls' eggs, roast pork, and for dessert, fresh coconut.

For days we lived a delightful poetic life, dining in a way that millionaires could not afford. We smoked quantities of fish and pork and stowed it away. We found fresh water on the island and refilled our tanks. Our traces of scurvy and beri-beri disappeared, and we were rapidly getting ready to continue our cruise and work of havoc in Australian waters.

On the second of August, we made ready to leave the ship for another day ashore. At nine-thirty I noticed a strange bulge on the eastern rim of the sea. I called my officers' attention to it. At first we thought it a mirage. But it kept growing larger. It came toward us. Then we recognized it—a tidal wave such as is caused by submarine earthquake and volcanic disturbances. The danger was only too clear. We lay between the island and the wave.

"Cut the anchor cable. Clear the motor. All hands on deck."

We dared not raise sail, for then the wind would drive us on the reef. So our only hope of getting clear of the island was our motor. The huge swell of the tidal wave was rushing toward us with breakneck speed.

The motor didn't stir. The mechanics were working frantically. They pumped compressed air into the engine. We waited in vain for the sound of the ignition. Now, right at the critical moment, our motor had failed us, just as it had so often failed us before. By this time, the tidal wave was only a few hundred yards away. We were lost. To our frightened eyes it looked like a whole mountain range of water. It must have been thirty or forty feet high. It came rushing with a roar that drowned out our voices.

A gigantic, violent hand seemed to grasp the ship. The wave swung her on high and threw her forward. It flung us crashing on the coral reef. Our masts and rigging went over, broken like matchsticks. The shattering impact of the ship smashed the coral, and pieces flew in all directions like shrapnel from an exploding shell. The swirling water seized great pieces of coral and whipped them around, beating them against the ship. The Seadler had heeled over until her deck was almost perpendicular. The water swept over the deck, and the swirling eddies bombarded us with chunks of coral. I clung to an iron post near the lower rail. The rail saved me from the tons of shattered coral that were hurled up by the blow of the falling ship. In a moment, the wave had ebbed away, leaving us high and dry. It had passed over the circling reef and the lagoon, though not over the main part of the island. And on its way it had swept hundreds of thousands of birds' nests into the lagoon.

I arose, scarcely knowing whether I was alive or dead, and stood alone with one foot on my slanting deck and the other on the rail. For a moment, I thought I was the only one saved.

"Boys, where are you?" I shouted weakly.

"Here," came the reply, "still standing like an oak."

My men and the prisoners had taken refuge in the bow, and had been sheltered by the rail, as I had been. Not a one was injured. For that at least we could be thankful. For that and not much else. The Seadler was a total wreck. The jagged coral was rammed deep into our hull.

We stand like an oak! I adopted the reply of my sailors as our motto henceforth. We were castaways on this coral atoll in one of the loneliest and least-visited reaches of the South Pacific. Everything lost, but "we stand like an oak."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Ants by the Millions Used to Worry Beetles

"Without Black Ants No Cocoa," reads a sign posted at the entrance of a great plantation in Central Java. It does not go unheeded, either, for the natives band in some 4,000,000 nests of these little creatures every year, and receive payment in return. These black ants live upon trees infested by the white cocoa louse.

Neither the louse nor the ants injure the trees. The real enemy is a certain beetle whose name is *Helopeltis*, which also attacks the tea plant. It has been found that when the black ants are present the *Helopeltis* fails to injure the trees. Apparently this sap-sucking pest is dis-

Have Definite Purpose

Every-day folks may lack the element of greatness that is necessary for great world movements, but how much better it is to choose a purpose within one's powers and accomplish it than it is to drift down the river of life, arriving nowhere and doing nothing.—Exchar

turbed by the activity of the ants, for the latter do not attack the beetle. This is why the black ants are protected. Food is provided for them by picking the white cocoa louse from the shells of the fruit, where they congregate, and placing them on the cocoa trees to attract the ants and disturb the beetles.

Bottles Drift Far

Bottled paper, thrown overboard at sea to study ocean drift, is printed at the navy hydrographic office in eight languages. This paper is placed in a bottle, sealed, and thrown overboard and has been known to drift from 5 to 5,000 miles, having been in the water from six days to six years. One bottle was thrown in the water at Cape Good Hope, Africa, and recovered on the west coast of Chile, South America, having drifted 8,800 miles. Another was thrown overboard off Cape Horn, southernmost point of the South American mainland, and drifted to New Zealand, a distance of about 10,250 miles.



For COLDS

We all catch colds and they can make us miserable; but yours needn't last long if you will do this: Take two or three tablets of Bayer Aspirin just as soon as possible after a cold starts. Stay in the house if you can—keep warm. Repeat with another tablet or two of Bayer Aspirin every three or four hours, if those symptoms of cold persist. Take a good laxative when you retire, and keep bowels open. If throat is sore, dissolve three tablets in a quarter-glassful of water and gargle. This soothes inflammation and reduces infection. There is nothing like Bayer Aspirin for a cold, or sore throat. And it relieves aches and pains almost instantly. The genuine tablets, marked Bayer, are absolutely harmless to the heart.

BAYER ASPIRIN

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

"Hello! Hello! How Much Does Happiness Cost?"

Only the price of learning a simple health rule, this smiling youngster finds!

"HAPPINESS just radiates from our baby since we began giving her—"

What was it that Mrs. Fred E. Schmitt of 2023 Stone Street, Falls City, Nebraska, discovered, which she could give to her baby that made her happy, well, strong and buoyant?

Not a medicine; not a drug of any kind; just harmless bodily lubrication. Only that, and nothing more. Mrs. Schmitt's discovery that little Barbara kept well when she was made regular as clock work is the same discovery as has been made by millions of other people, who are enjoying the happiness of health because they use Nujol.

Babies, old folks, people in the prime of life—all alike need to have the bodily poisons (we all have them) regularly cleaned out. Nujol just gently, naturally, normally lubricates the action of your body which needs lubrication as much as any other machine.

Please remember that Nujol contains no drugs; is non-fattening; is not absorbed in any way by the body; can form no habit; cannot hurt you, no matter how much you



"Happiness is on the other end of your phone too," says little Barbara

take. All it can do is keep you internally clean, and make you continually feel better. Colorless, tasteless as pure water, Nujol will make you see the bright side of life; it will help you to get the most out of your life; it will make you wake up in the morning feeling fit, and help you to do a good day's work with a smile.

Millions of people have discovered this fact—why don't you? You can buy Nujol in sealed packages at all drug stores. It costs but a few cents, and makes you feel like a million dollars. Get a bottle today and see how brimming zestful health will boost your day's happiness.



Your Kidneys

Give Them Prompt Help When Needed.

KIDNEY disorders are too serious to ignore. It pays to heed the early signals. Scanty, burning or too frequent excretions; lameness, stiffness and constant backache are timely warnings.

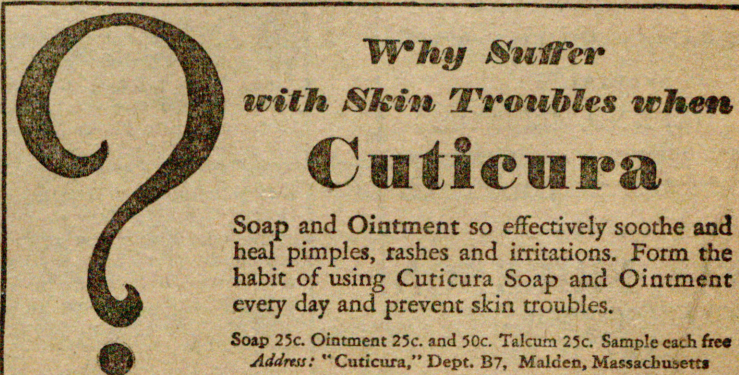
To promote normal kidney action and assist your kidneys in cleansing your blood of poisonous wastes, use **Doan's Pills**. Endorsed the world over. Sold by dealers everywhere.

50,000 Users Endorse Doan's:

C. A. Hawkins, 68 Shotwell Street, San Francisco, Calif., says: "I was stiff and achy and had a persistent soreness across my back. My kidneys didn't seem to act right after a cold and I felt all out of sorts. Doan's Pills were what I needed. They made me feel like myself again. I now keep Doan's on hand and recommend them right along."

Doan's Pills

A Stimulant Diuretic to the Kidneys



Why Suffer with Skin Troubles when Cuticura

Soap and Ointment so effectively soothe and heal pimples, rashes and irritations. Form the habit of using Cuticura Soap and Ointment every day and prevent skin troubles.

Soap 25c. Ointment 25c. and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sample each free. Address: "Cuticura," Dept. B7, Malden, Massachusetts

The News-Bulletin

Issued every Friday from the office of The News-Bulletin, Mokena, Will County, Illinois. Subscription price \$1.50 per year. Single copies 5 cents. Established 1919. Independent in politics. Chicago Advertising Representative, A. M. Levy, 6 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill. Entered as second class matter August 1919 at the post-office at Mokena, Illinois, under the Act of March 3, 1875. Wm. Semmler, Editor and pub-

WANTADS

FOR SALE—Laun Carbide plant; a double machine; \$15 takes it. Call on Carl Habenicht, Tinley Park, Illinois. 2tc

SALESMAN for Lubricating Oil and Paint; two lines combined. Salary or Commission. THE ROYCE REFINING CO. or THE ROYCE PAINT CO., Cleveland, Ohio. 1tp

FOR SALE—25 head of good young broke horses ages from 3 to 8 yrs. old, some matched teams; all horses must be as represented. These horses can be seen 1-2 miles west of Mokena. Northwest Horse Sales Co., H. F. Yunker, mgr. Tel. 52W1 5tc

WANTED TO BUY—10 acres with improvements. Advise News-Bulletin

FOR SALE—Have some good colts from 1 year old to 2 years old which are the making of good horses. Farmers will make money in buying these colts as young horses are scarce. It will pay you to invest in some. Can be seen 1-2 miles west of Mokena. Northwest Horse Sales Co., H. F. Yunker, mgr. Tel. 52W1 5tc

FOR SALE—Black mare, wgt. 1250 one 18 wheel disc; 1 sleigh nearly new, cheap. Harvey Cooper, Orland, Ill. 2tp

FOR SALE—Bob Sled and Runners. Mrs. Julius Pfaff, Frankfort, Illinois. Telephone 93-R 2tp

FOR SALE—McCormick 6 roll Corn Shredder, Champion Hay Press. Holm Bros., Worth, Ill., Telephone Blue Island 694-Y- 5p

FOR SALE 1 year old New Zealand red rabbits. Call or write Carl Bormet, Jr., Tinley Park, Ill. Box 47. Phone 30-W2 2tc

WANTED—Hauling and general trucking jobs up to a ton and a half. F. M. Story, Mokena, Ill. 2tp

I have a few Bull Calves for sale out of Grand-daughter of Otsego Hengerveld Johanna Ormsby, 40 lbs. of butter in 7 days. Calf Sire is out of a Dam with 18,000 lbs. of milk with an average of 3.8 test. All pure bred Holsteins. John W. Schilling, Mokena, Ill. Tel. 59-J2 3tp

FOR RENT OR SALE—Modern 7 room brick bungalow on First st., in Mokena. Edward Schmidt, Mokena, Ill. 4tc

Have your fall and winter rugs made now at the old price 60 cents per yard. The double weave. C. L. Sylvester, Mokena, Ill.

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A SIZZLING WHIRLWIND OF MIRTH, MELODY AND DANCE
THE FAMOUS

MARCUS SHOW

50—MUSICAL COMEDY ENTERTAINERS—50

including

24—MARCUS PEACHES—24

A BIG, GRAND AND GLORIOUS SHOW—BROADWAY
PAID \$2.50 TO SEE IT!

NOTHING BEFORE EVER LIKE IT!

—ON THE TALKING SCREEN—

MARY BRIAN AND A BRILLIANT CAST IN
"THE MARRIAGE PLAYGROUND"

BRILLIANT ROMANCE OF SOCIETY DIVORCEES
NO ADVANCE IN PRICES FOR THE BIG
DOUBLE ATTRACTION PROGRAM

CAN OF PEAS BRINGS FARM WOMAN FAME AND FORTUNE

Mrs. Mary Hvass, of Kennan, Wis., Wins \$1,250 in
National Canning Contest—Gives
Pressure Cooking Credit.

America's champion canner is a jack lunchroom. She is Mrs. Mary Hvass of Kennan, Wis., who won this title and a grand prize of \$1,250 in the National Canning contest, conducted by the Sears-Roebuck Agricultural Foundation, just ended in Chicago, for the best jar of home-cooked food submitted in the nation-wide contest in which 25,000 women participated. Her contribution, which eminent domestic science judges selected as the premier jar, was a can of peas.

Mrs. Hvass is a pioneer who has been winning prizes ever since she and her husband, John Hvass, set out to win a livelihood from their Wisconsin land. Prizes at the county and state fairs for chickens, bread and cakes, and canned goods.

at a lumberjack lunchroom, where she met and married lumberjack John Hvass. They moved to Wisconsin, first to a small farm, later to a larger one, where they are living today. There Mary Hvass helped her husband fell trees, build barns, fences, and their house. For nearly thirty-three years they struggled together.

When Mrs. Mary Hvass heard that one jar of peas that she had canned was worth \$1,250, it seemed incredible to her. It was just one jar out of hundreds that were canned all as part of a summer's work. And it was simple business to put them up. She followed directions in a government bulletin.

"I used a pressure cooker, as the government advised, because I've tried every other way and I know it's best," she explained.

"First, I blanched the peas for 30 minutes in scalding water. Then I dipped them in cold water, poured them in a mason jar with seasoning, and put the jar in my pressure cooker for 50 minutes at 240 degrees.

"That's all the work it took to make them ready for the contest. I wouldn't want anything more certain and simple than my Kook-Kwick pressure cooker for canning peas and all kinds of food."

Judges of the contest who declared the peas canned by Mrs. Hvass to be perfect in flavor, color and general appearance, were Dr. Margaret Justin, president of the American Home Economics association; Dr. Louise Stanley, director of the United States Bureau of Home Economics; Mrs. Josephine Bakke, home economics director at Iowa State Agricultural college; Miss Elaine Massey, director of girls' club work in Mississippi, and George Farrell, director of extension in the Middle West for the Department of Agriculture.

There are canned peas and canned peas that win prizes, but those that were canned by Mrs. Mary Hvass go even further. They are going to pay for their own creaming and buttering. The grand prize check of \$1,250 is going to set up Mrs. Hvass in the dairy business.

Her ambition for many years was to own a herd of pure-bred Holstein cattle and to extend her prize winning into wider fields. Now her ambition will be realized with the purchase of the nucleus of such a dairy herd.



America's Champion Canner—Mrs. Mary Hvass of Kennan, Wis., putting up can of peas in her pressure cooker with which she won grand prize of \$1,250 in the National Canning contest in Chicago for the best jar of preserved food.

She first saw the Wisconsin prairies as three-year-old Mary Jensen. It was her job, as she grew up, to help her father and mother win bread and butter for nine small Jensens and themselves. She was her mother's helper on the farm until all the children were well on their way to growing up. Then she yielded to the glamour of the trading town called Minneapolis. At Minneapolis she became a cook

ROME "ALIVE" FOR ROYAL WEDDING

By LADY DRUMMOND-HAY



Princess Marie Jose of Belgium



Crown Prince Umberto of Italy

Rome—One rubs his eyes and wonders if it isn't a page out of Medieval history—or a Graustarkian romance! It could be either, this alliance of the dashing Crown Prince Umberto and the lovely Marie Jose of Belgium. For, not since the days of the Caesars have the seven hills of Rome looked down upon such a social stirring—or a royal match that has so captured the popular imagination! The royal nuptials will be celebrated Jan. 8 in the Pauline Chapel of the Quirinal, with Cardinal Vannutelli of the Sacred College officiating. In attendance, besides their Majesties of Italy, will be sovereigns of Belgium, Sweden and Spain; also the Prince of Wales, and other European royalties. It isn't surprising, therefore, that Italy's notables of fashion are vying with one another in the glory of their frocks: lovely evening gowns, jewel-encrusted court costumes, gay wraps of all description. Paris, Vienna and London all have been drained of their most beautiful creations. But not shoes: Italy makes the finest in the world. And since I am associated, as European style representative, with the Thom McAn Stores in America, I called upon one of society's favorite bootmakers. I found him in an exclusive "shoe temple," this ancient, incredibly wrinkled Cavalier Angelo Gatto, calzoleria (Italian for shoemaker), worshipping his creations. "Nothing but crepe de chine shoes will be worn at the royal ceremony," said Cavalier Gatto, with assurance. "These are made of rich, corded silk, often with fantastic straps, piped with silver or gold. Reds, blues and greens are the favorite colors, an indication, perhaps, of the gay costumes which will be worn." Signor Gatto spoke deferentially of one particular pair of slippers—twin darlings in white and silver—and I gathered that the golden princess herself would say "I do" in these. (Herbert, N. Y.)

45th Stock Purchase

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FOR 20 YEARS JOLIET'S FINEST CLOTHIER

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LEATHER COATS

Men's Leather Coats; first quality front quarter leather, wool lined; reefer collar, 3 pockets, adjustable waistline, single breasted and lined sleeves. Sizes 36 to 50.

\$6.98

MEN'S BLACK HORSEHIDE
LEATHER COATS
36 inches long, genuine first quality, double breasted style. In sizes 36 to 50.

\$12.98

The Overcoats

Tailored of Meltones, Chinchilla, Herringbones and Overplaids. These are the overcoats that will keep you warm in the coldest weather. Sizes 34 to 46.

\$20

JOHN SMITH'S Boys Sheep Lined Leather Coats

Boys! Leather Coats, sheepskin lined and Wombo collar, belt all round. Just the thing for severe cold weather. An ideal garment for skating. Sizes 8 to 20.

\$9.98

OVERALLS—First quality, "Sweet Orr" Union made, right here in our town, also Jackets all sizes. \$1.59
4-IN-HAND TIES—several hundred Go at 49c

SHIRTS—Rich patterns; collar attached; sizes 14 to 17. 69c

John Smith's Dress Pants

Men's dress pants to match your suit. Values \$5 to \$12.50; made of finest woolen and worsted ends of suiting of the very finest materials produced. Here is a chance to match your coat and vest, altered to fit perfectly if necessary.

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ALL \$1 CUFF BUTTONS . . . 25c

JOHN SMITH'S \$1 Silk or wool Socks, Choice pair . . . 35c

JOHN SMITH'S \$2 OVERALLS—Jackets, blue denim . . . 79c

JOHN SMITH \$1.00 Value SILK SOCKS All the new plain and clock patterns. Irregulars pair . . . 15c

WORK PANTS—In dark colors, all sizes to 42—at . . . 79c

MEN'S LEATHER LUMBER Jacks Choice while they last . . . \$7.98

NOTE! See
our New
Store Going
Up. It's built
For Your
convenience

THE WHITE STORE
"There is Only One White Store in Joliet"
401-407 CASS STREET

OPEN
EVERY
NIGHT

Tinley Park Grocery & Market

WHERE QUALITY RULES Telephone Tinley Park 105 WE DELIVER.

SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY, JAN. 12

Fresh Churned Butter 45c

Pure Lard 2 for 29c

Pork Roast 23 1-2c

Strickly Fresh Eggs 55c



EXTRA SPECIAL

Something New
FOR WED. JAN. 15
**Lemon Chiffon
Pie 40c**

Orders Taken For Same
Tuesday. Be sure and
place your order.

Tinley Park Bakery

We Can't Make All
The Bread,
That's Why We Make
THE BEST



Barber Philatelist

A London barber spends all his odd moments collecting stamps, and the walls of his shop are papered with stamps of all descriptions. He is also an art critic, his advice being sought when a person desires to purchase what is claimed to be a valuable picture.

Bird Migration

The reason why birds migrate is a mystery to biologists. They have been studying for hundreds of years to find out and are as much in the dark today as they were 200 years ago, according to Dr. Alexander Wetmore, president of the American Ornithological union.

ORLAND PARK

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank the quartet which sang Rev. W. H. Medlar and the many friends for the beautiful floral offerings and their help and sympathy in the sickness and death of our loved one, Mrs. Lydia Enders. FRED ENDERS AND FAMILY

DANCE

Every WED. NITE

Saenger Hall

TINLEY PARK, ILL.

COMMENCING JAN. 8, 1930

OH LUCKY SKIPPY



Bessie Browning and her dog "Skippy" who take part in the broadcast of Dave Elman's "Show Folks" on Tuesday nights on the Columbia Broadcasting System. Miss Browning, who has been a headliner on several of the large vaudeville circuits, is a character actress and mimic of rare ability, specializing in "rube" delinquents. She plays the part of an old maid in the "Show Folks" program. "Skippy" who has been an actor on the legitimate stage with Miss Browning, has been given a barking role. (Herbert Photos, N. Y.)

Bald Mouse Problem

A new scientific remedy for baldness is said to grow hair on bald mice. We were not aware that the bald mouse problem had become serious enough to merit the attention of science.